

Principles of Pharmacodynamics & Pharmacokinetics

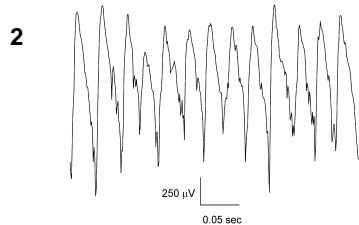
Understanding general anaesthesia using electrophysiology

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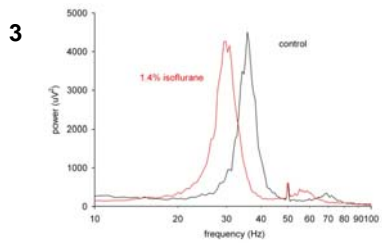
Effects of anaesthetics on  $\gamma$  oscillations in brain slices



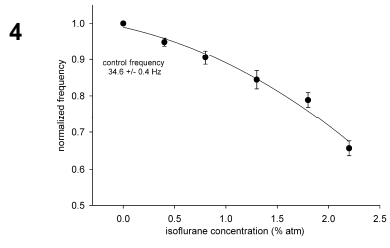
Thin slices of brain tissue maintained *in vitro* preserve many of the properties of the intact brain. One of the most remarkable of these is the occurrence of spontaneous oscillations in the gamma frequency band (~40Hz) observed in the hippocampus. Gamma oscillations are believed to underlie consciousness.



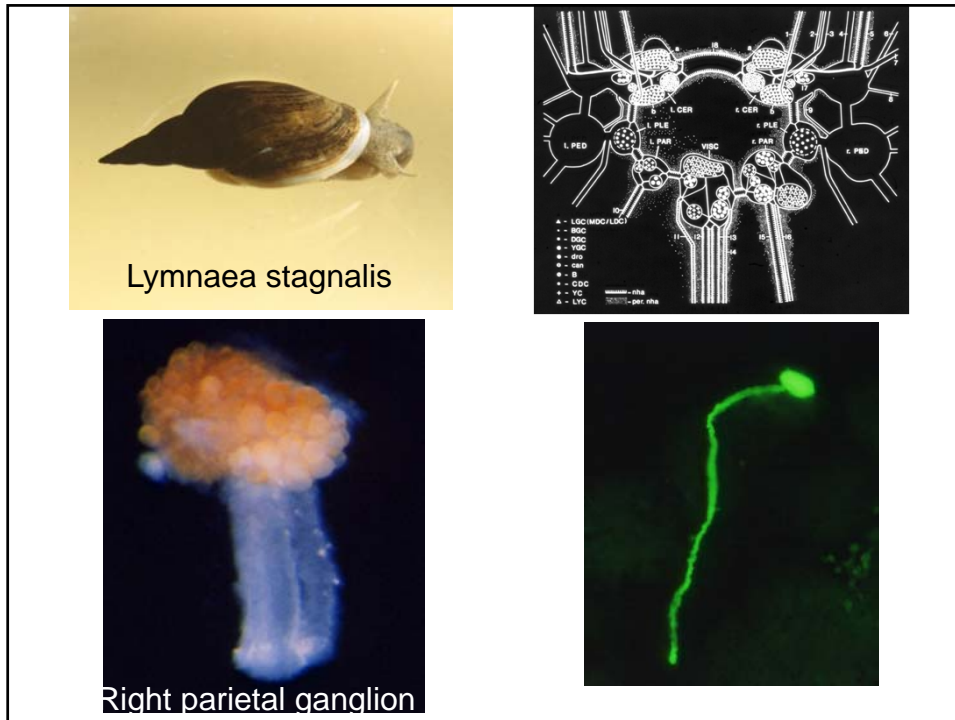
Extracellular voltage recordings showing typical gamma oscillations recorded in the CA1 region of the hippocampus. The oscillations persist for hours in hippocampal slices maintained in an interfacial perfusion chamber.



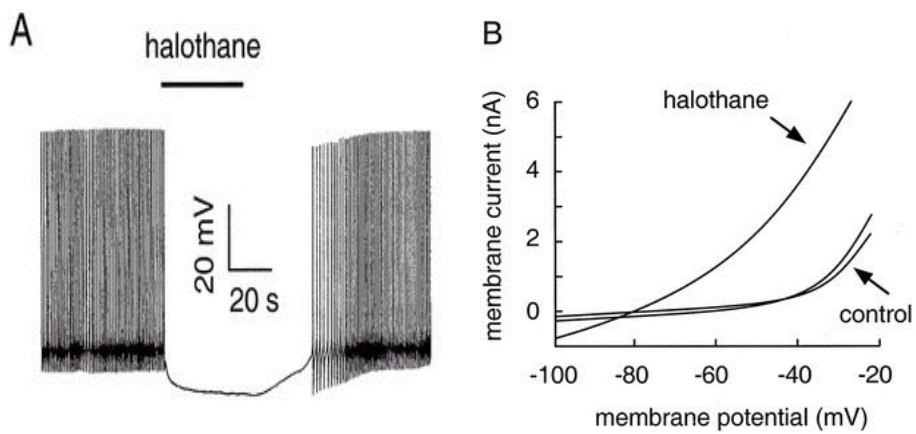
The frequency distribution is illustrated in the power spectrum (a Fourier transform) of the oscillations. The control trace shows a sharp peak in the gamma band. In the presence of the volatile general anaesthetic isoflurane the peak frequency is reversibly shifted to a lower value.



The graph above shows the shift in frequency as a function of isoflurane concentration. The data are pooled from 6 different slices and the control frequency has been normalized to be 1.



**Anaesthetic actions on neuronal properties.**



Franks & Lieb (1988) Nature 333, p662

## Determinants of the Anesthetic Sensitivity of Two-pore Domain Acid-sensitive Potassium Channels

*MOLECULAR CLONING OF AN ANESTHETIC-ACTIVATED POTASSIUM CHANNEL FROM LYMNAEA STAGNALIS\**

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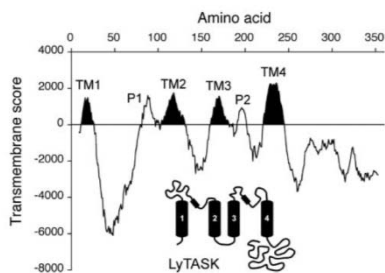
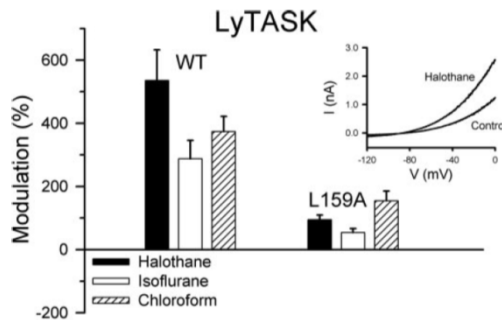


FIGURE 1. Sequence analysis of LyTASK and predicted membrane topology. A, nucleotide and deduced amino acid sequences of *L. stagnalis* TASK (LyTASK GenBank™; accession number EF640973). The positions of the



Lymnaea – the movie

