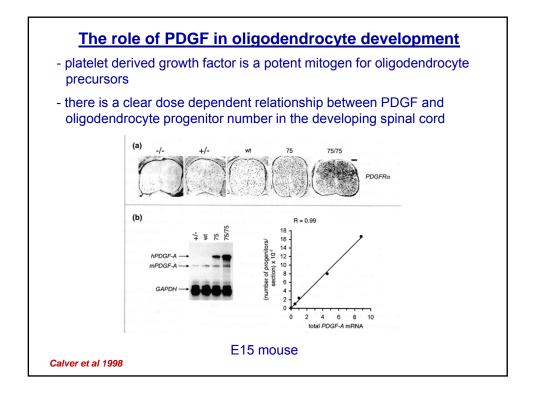
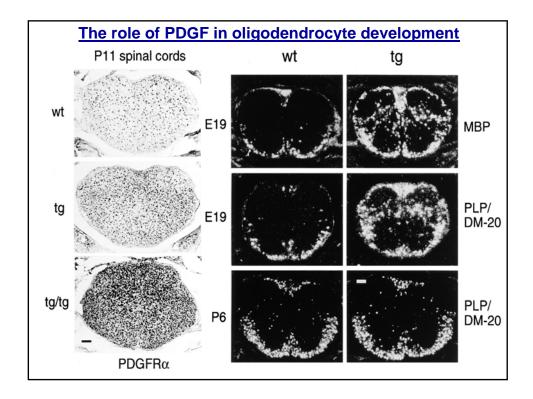
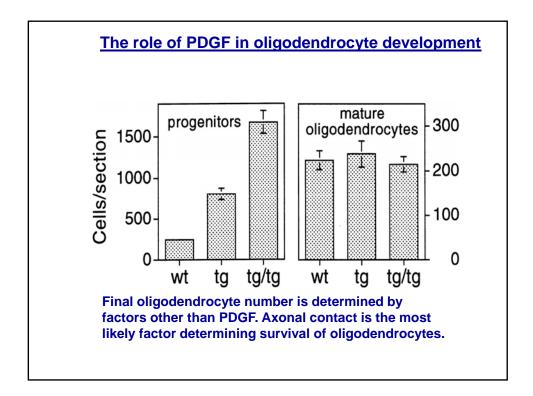
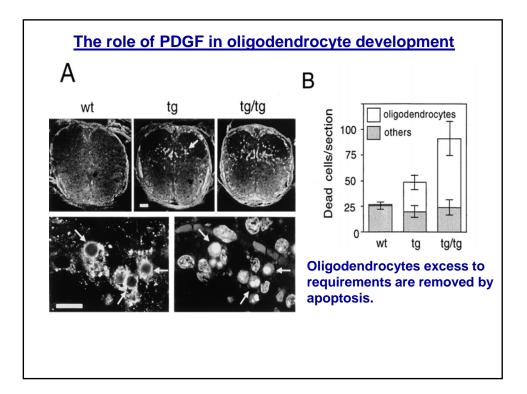


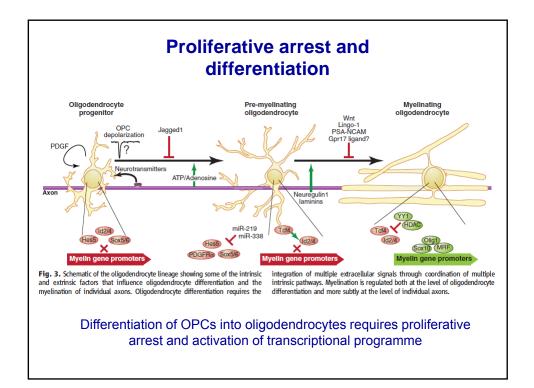
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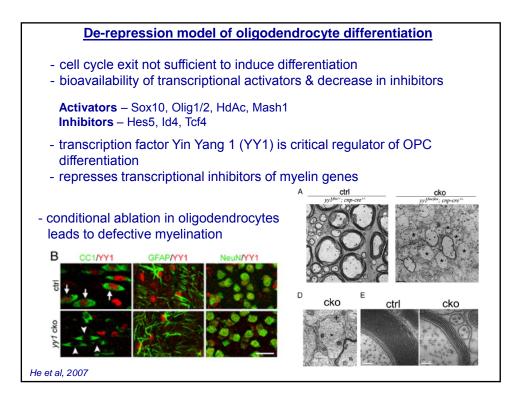


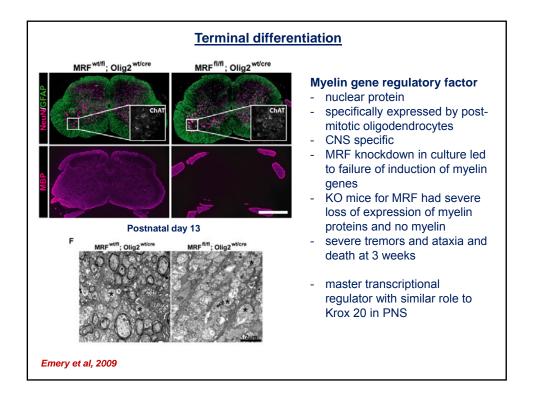


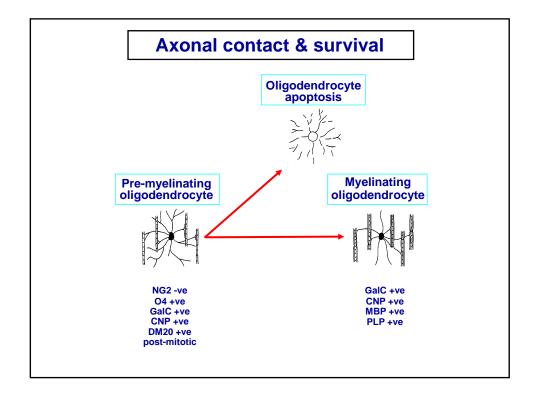


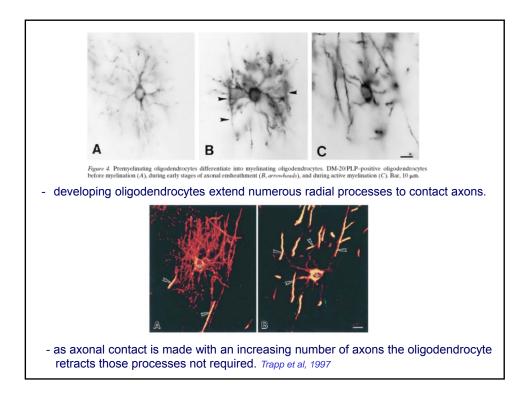


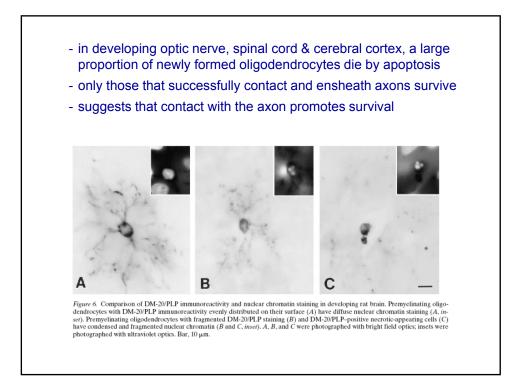


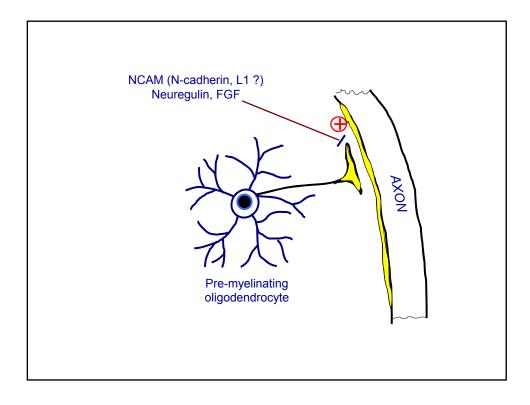


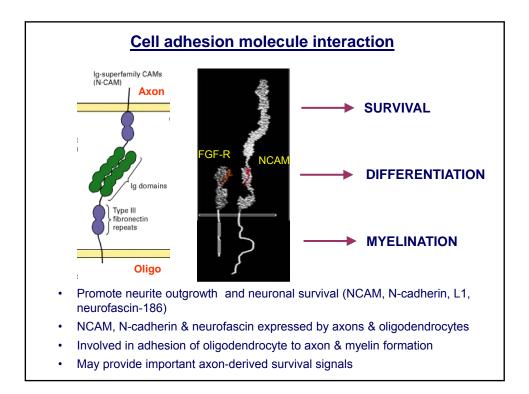


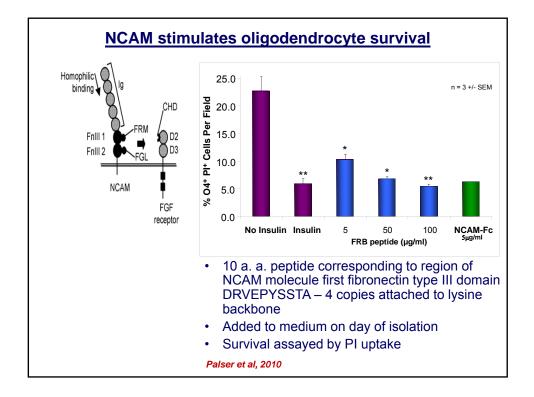


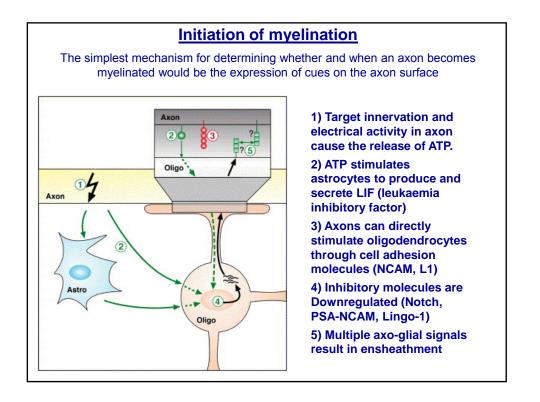


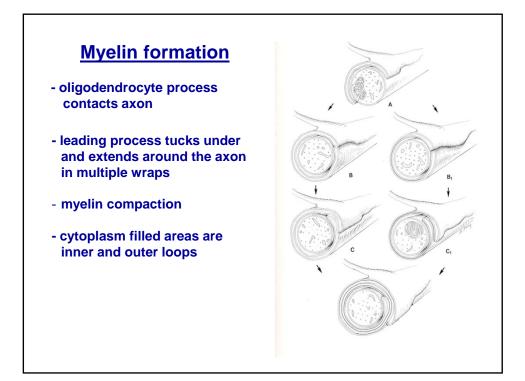


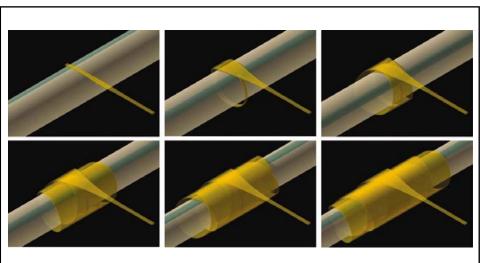






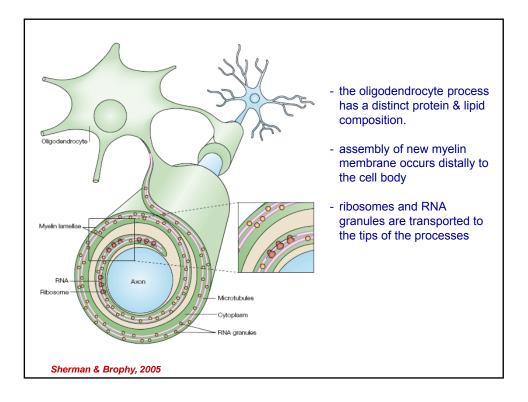


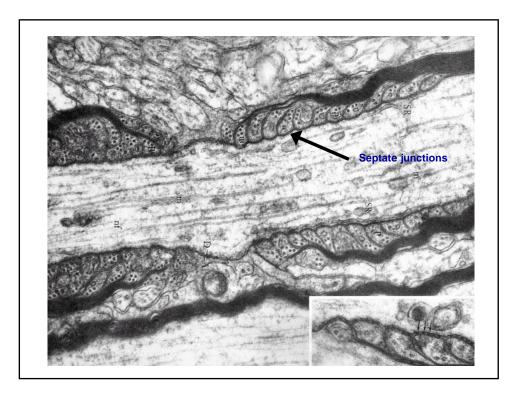


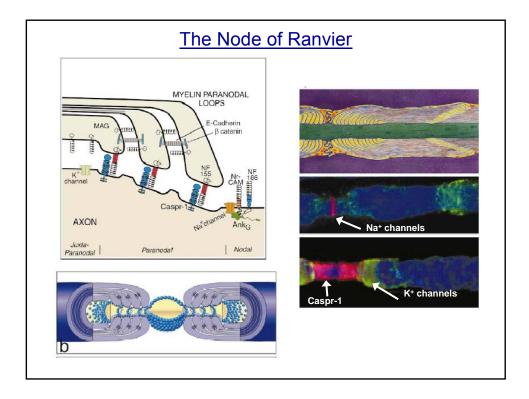


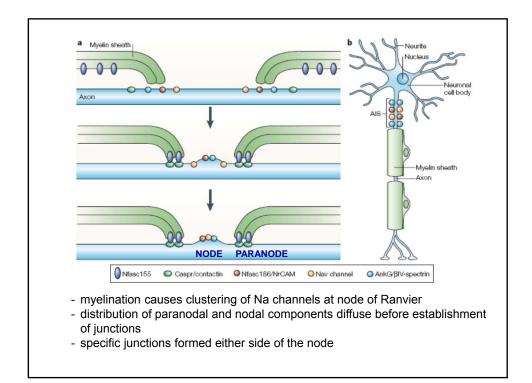
Schematic presentation of the "liquid croissant" model of myelination. We propose that myelin formation occurs by "pouring out" myelin (yellow) into a triangular shaped OLG process that attaches at possible adhesion sites (cyan) to the axon (grey). While this pouring process continues, myelin spreads sideward potentially being guided by axonal membrane proteins that move around the axonal cytoskeleton in a coordinated fashion. Myelin thickening is thus achieved by new layers forming on top of the inner one resulting in a bidirectional coiled turn of myelin layers along the axon reminding of the bidirectional dough edges of a croissant.

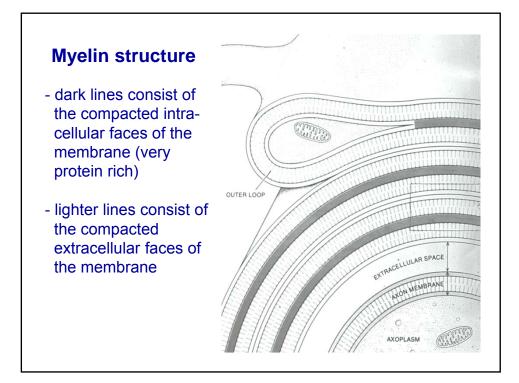
Sobottka et al, Glia 2011











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