Fetal programming



Vivette Glover Imperial College London Environment Special: The oceans—why 70% of our planet is in danger

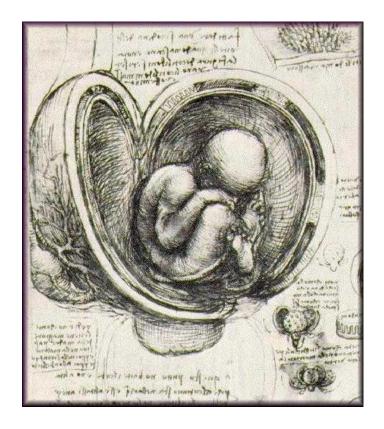
The Facebook Movie: The secret history of social networking

How the first nine months shape the rest of your life

The new science of fetal origins

The things desired by the mother are often found impressed on the child that the mother carries.

Leonardo Da Vinci



Fetal programming



Environment in utero, during different sensitive periods for specific outcomes, can alter the development of the fetus, with a permanent effect on the child.

From fetus





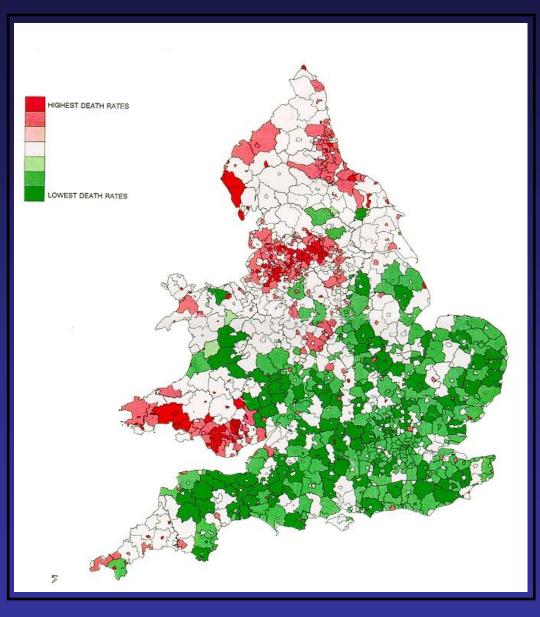
To child

The fetal origins of adult disease hypothesis David Barker

Coronary heart disease, Type 2 diabetes, stroke and hypertension originate in developmental plasticity, in response to undernutrition during fetal life



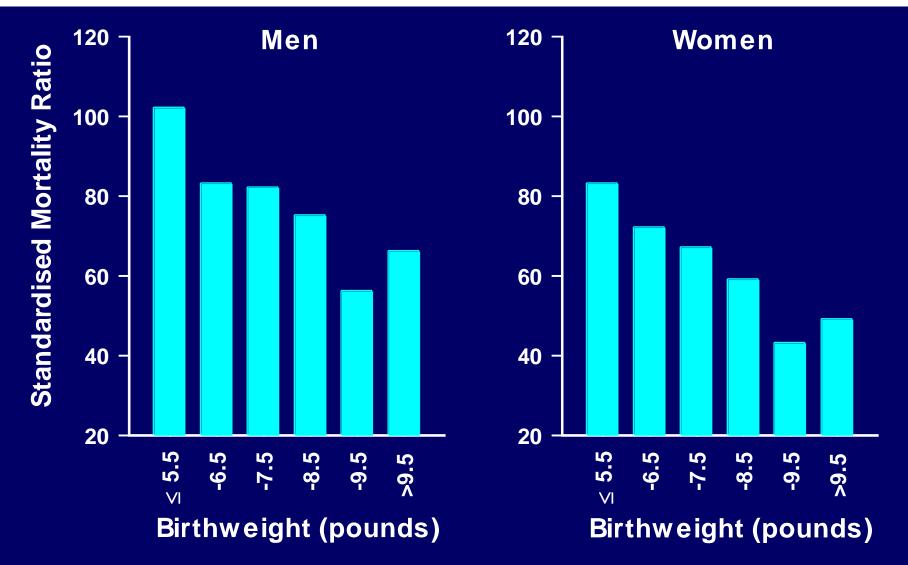
Death rates from Coronary Heart Disease in men 1968-78



Gardner MJ et al. 1984 Atlas of mortality from selected diseases in England and Wales, 1968-78. John Wiley, Chichester.



Mortality from coronary heart disease in 15726 men and women in Hertfordshire



Relative risk of type 2 diabetes US Nurses' Study (n=69,526)



Rich-Edwards et al. Ann Int Med 1999;130:278

The relation between systolic blood pressure and birthweight in 149,378 Swedish men aged 18



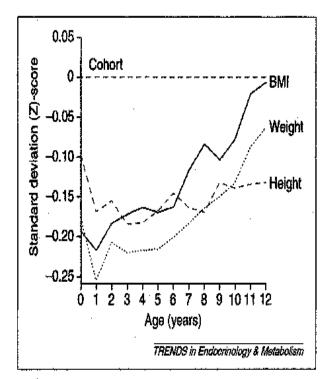
Fetal programming of coronary heart disease

David J.P. Barker

Review

People who develop coronary heart disease grow differently from other people both *in utero* and during childhood. Slow growth during fetal life and infancy is followed by accelerated weight gain in childhood. Two disorders that predispose to coronary heart disease, type 2 diabetes and hypertension, are preceded by similar paths of growth. Mechanisms underlying this are thought to include the development of insulin resistance *in utero*, reduced numbers of nephrons associated with small body size at birth and altered programming of the micro-architecture and function of the liver. Slow fetal growth might also heighten the body's stress responses and increase vulnerability to poor living conditions in later life. Coronary heart disease

The search for the causes of coronary heart disease has hitherto been guided by a 'destructive' model.



Predictive Adaptive Responses

 Processes by which the environmental interactions in early development lead to changes in physiological and physical development, not primarily for immediate advantage, but for expected future advantage in a particular predicted adult environment.

> The Fetal Matrix Gluckman and Hanson

Birth weight/ Birth phenotype

Early postnatal growth

<u>Adult life</u>

Hypertension Ischaemic heart disease Obesity

Insulin resistance

Type 2 diabetes

FETAL ORIGIN OF ADULT DISEASE

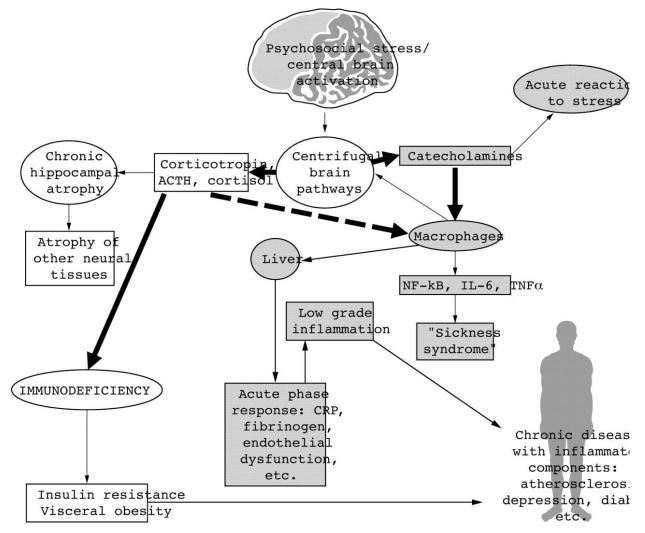


<u>Adult life</u> Behaviour Cognition Memory Learning Emotion Stress Response

What is stress?

- Anxiety and depression/mental illness
- Bad relationship with partner (emotional or physical abuse)
- Lack of social support-not much supportive contact with family or friends
- Recent immigrant/ethnic minority,
- Poverty/bad housing

"The components of the "stress response".



Vale S Postgrad Med J 2005;81:429-435





The mother's emotional state in pregnancy can have a long lasting effect on her child

Anxiety and depression the scale of the problem

- The single biggest cause of misery in our community is mental illness
- 40% of all disability is due to mental illness
 - % of population

4.4

2.6

- Anxiety and depression
 8.8
- Generalised anxiety
- Depression



 Women have more symptoms of depression and anxiety during pregnancy than postnatally

• Pregnancy can also be a time of increased domestic abuse and relationship strain

More than one million children in UK suffer from neurodevelopmental disorders

- Emotional disorder (anxiety and depression) (4%)
- Conduct disorder (6%)
- Hyperkinetic and/or attention disorder (ADHD) (2%)
- Other e.g autism (1%)
- Boys 11% girls 8%

Social Trends 2007

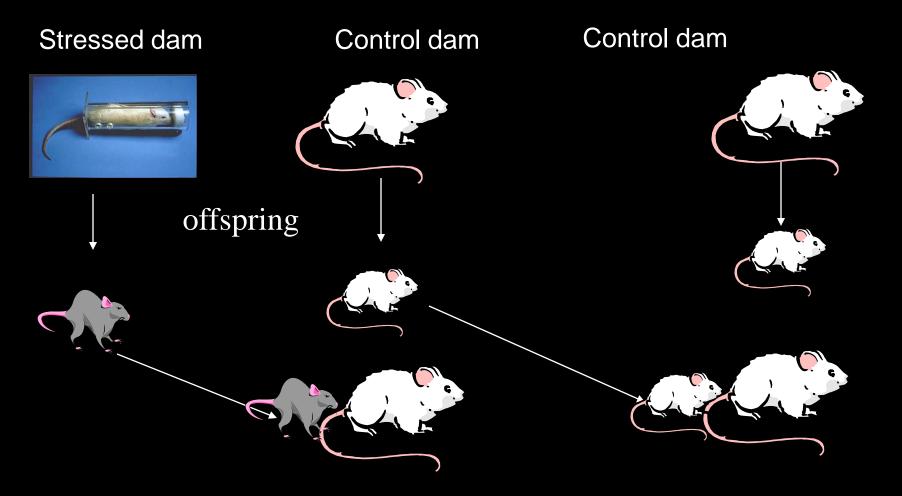


Long term effects of prenatal stress on neurodevelopment

Animal studies. Wide range of effects on offspring with prenatal stress

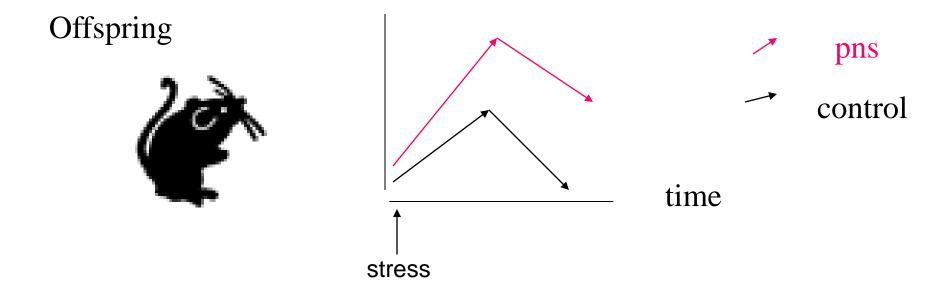
- More anxiety
- Reduced attention
- Learning deficits
- Reduced laterality
- Altered sexual behaviour
- Effects different on male and female offspring
- Mediated by HPA axis and cortisol/corticosterone in both mother and offspring

Effect of Stress During Pregnancy on the Adult Offspring Rat.



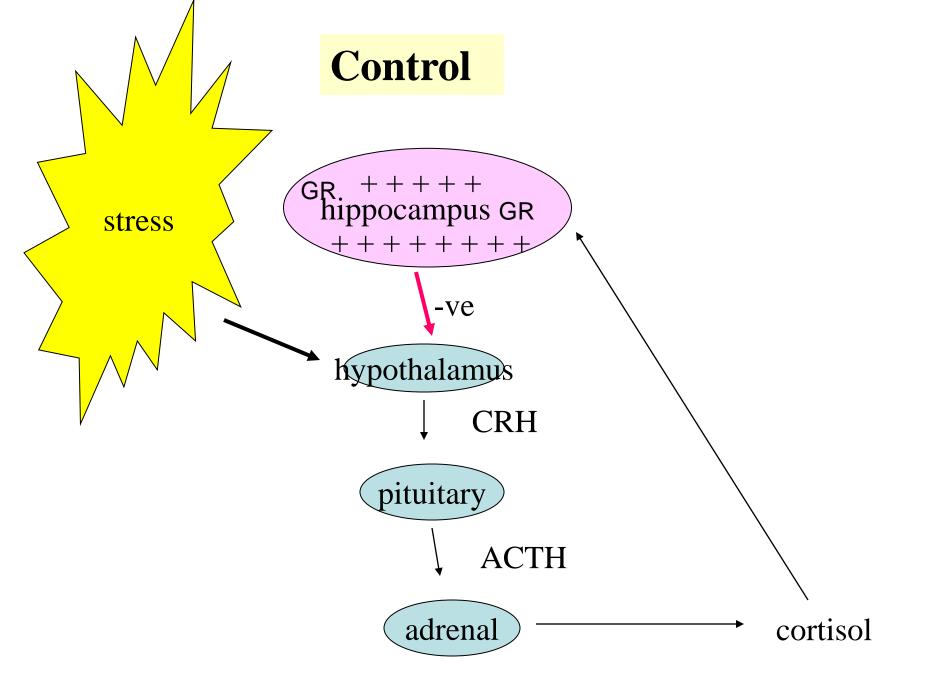
All offspring were fostered on the 1st day after birth to non-stressed dams

Plasma corticosterone

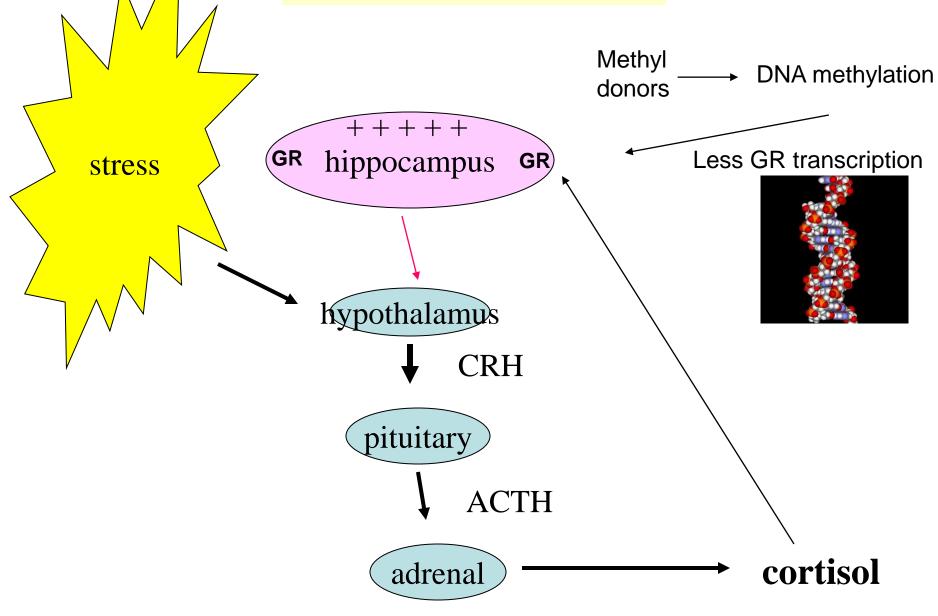


Prenatally stressed animals showed greater and prolonged corticosterone response to novelty stressor

Behave in a more anxious way

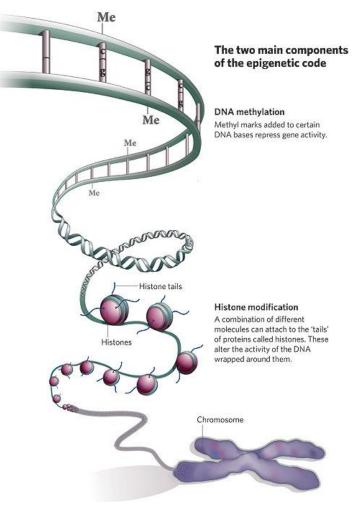


Prenatally stressed



Mueller and Bale 2008

Epigenetic modifications-basis for fetal programming



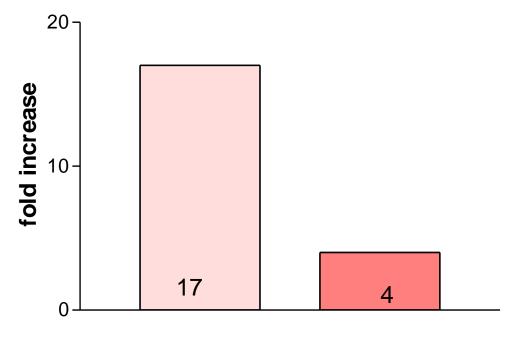
Epigenetic changes are functionally relevant modifications to the genome that do not involve a change in nucleotide sequence. Can persist to grandchild generation





Human studies

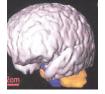
Relative increase in brain size



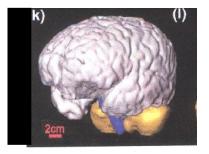
fetus 20-40 weeks child birth-5 years



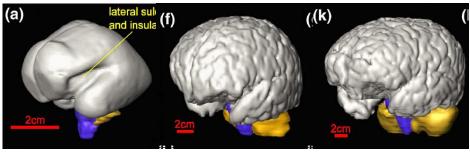
20 week fetus



birth

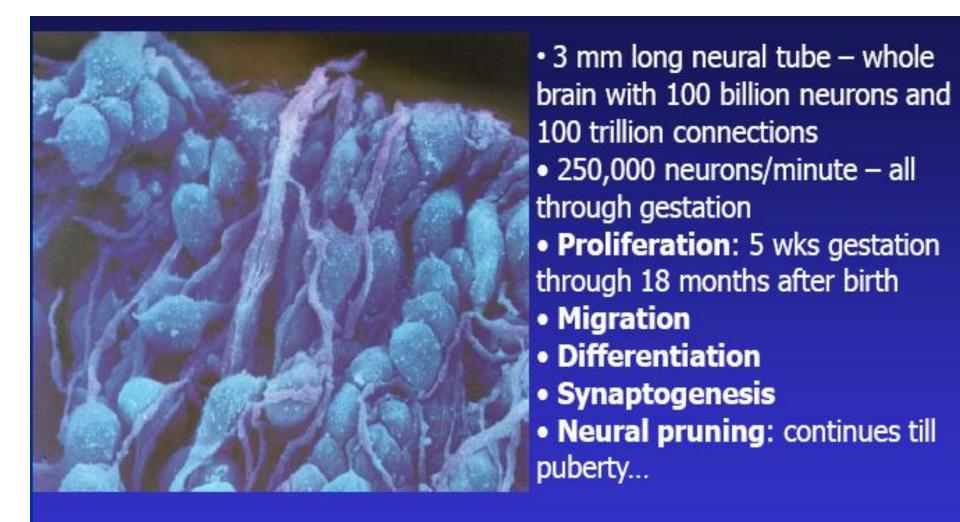


5 years



19 weeks Term 5-6years

The Fetal Brain is "Under Construction"



Prenatal stress in humans associated with increased :

- Anxiety and Depression
- Behavioural problems-ADHD, conduct disorder
- Impaired cognitive development, especially language
- Sleep problems in infants
- Neonatal behaviour
- More difficult infant temperament
- Victimisation in childhood
- Schizophrenia, Autism?

Prenatal stress in humans associated with increased :

Reduced birthweight and gestational age

- Mixed handedness
- > Altered finger print pattern
- Decreased telomere length

>Asthma

Altered immune function

Examples of prenatal stress reported to be associated with changes in development and behavior

- Maternal anxiety and depression
- Maternal daily hassles
- Pregnancy specific anxiety
- Partner or family discord
- Distress caused by 6 day war in Israel, 1967
- Experience of acute disasters, e.g. freezing ice storm, hurricane or 9/11

It's not just extreme stress or diagnosed mental illness

• Is it causal?

ALSPAC Study. Does antenatal stress affect child behaviour in humans?

- Aim of our study:
- To determine the long term effects of prenatal depression or anxiety on the behavioural development of the child
- Allowing for a wide range of confounders



ALSPAC

Avon Longitudinal Study of Parents and Children

 Large prospective birth cohort ~14,000 pregnant women
 recruited around Bristol in

1990-1991



 Detailed information on children at 4, 7, 11 and 13 years

ALSPAC study

Maternal anxiety-at 18 and 32 weeks of pregnancy Compared children of 15% most anxious or depressed mothers with the rest

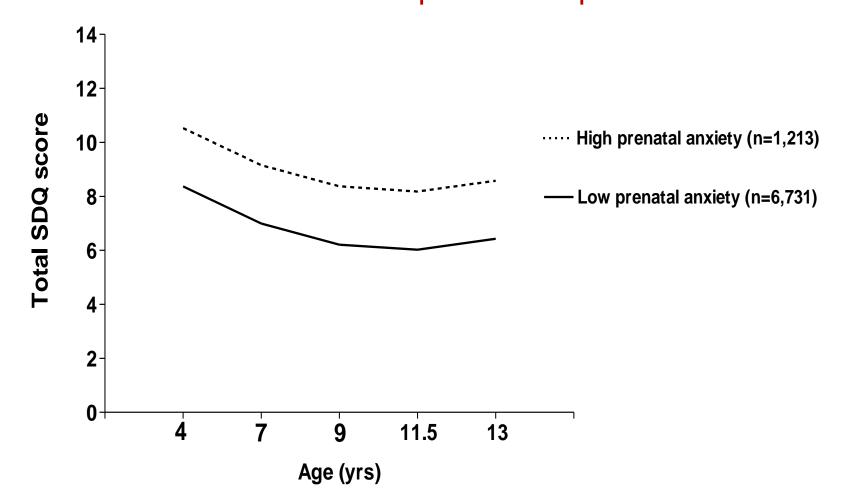
Child behaviour

maternal report at from 4 to 13 years old.
Strengths and Difficulties questionnaire.
Attention deficit/hyperactivity;
anxiety and depression;
conduct disorder

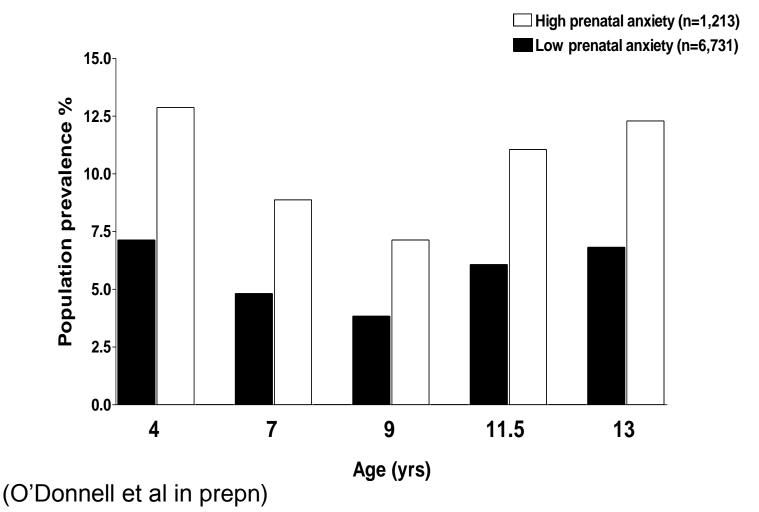
Multivariate Analysis Cohort with complete data n = 7,363

- Maternal Postnatal anxiety and depression
- Paternal pre and postnatal anxiety/depression
- Parenting
- Maternal age
- Birthweight
- Gestational age
- Smoking
- Alcohol
- Psychosocial factors: crowding (SES)
- Maternal education

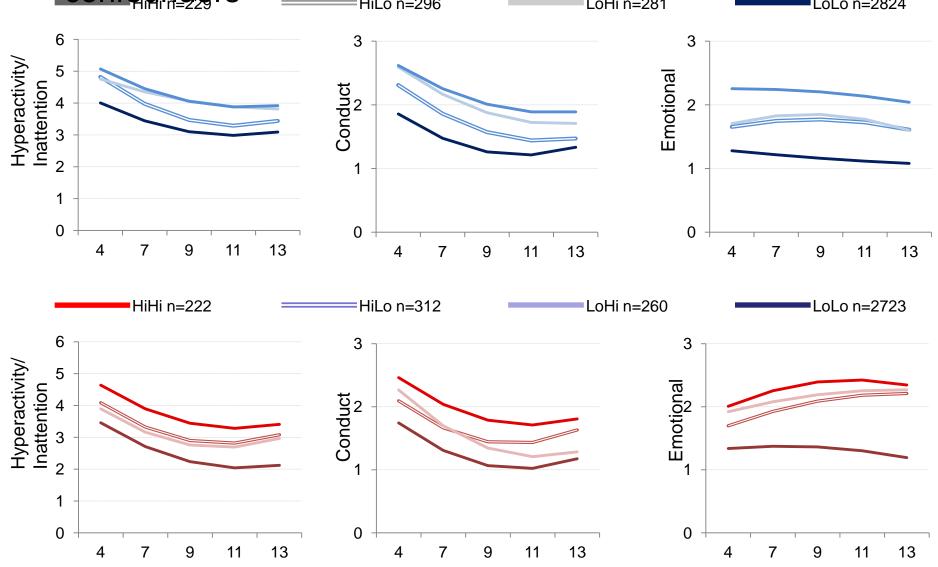
Total SDQ scores and maternal anxiety at 32 weeks -allowing for BW, GA, maternal age, maternal education, postnatal depression, postnatal anxiety, SES, maternal substance use, parenting, paternal anxiety etc Results similar with prenatal depression



ALSPAC. Predicted population prevalence of a probable mental health disorder in children born to high (top 15%: open bars) and low prenatal anxiety (full bars) mothers. Based on SDQ scores. Results similar with prenatal depression



Maternal anxiety at 32 weeks and 8 weeks postnatal and child SDQ (subscale) scores across childhood, after allowing for confounders



The effect does appear to be causal

Links are similar with prenatal anxiety at 18 weeks gestation

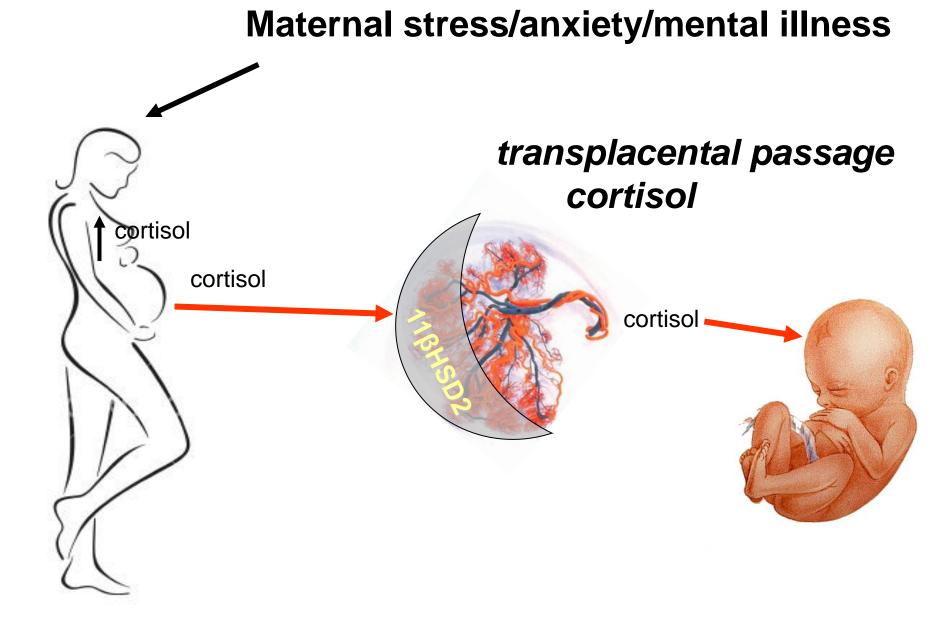
Links are similar with depression

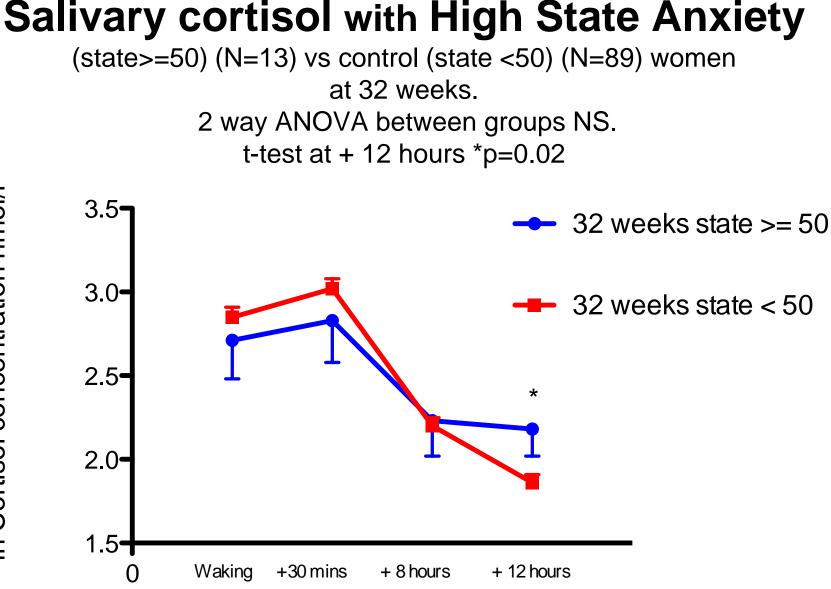
It is not just first trimester

 For top 15% of most anxious/depressed women in pregnancy, rate of probable mental disorder

- doubled from about 6 to 12% at age 13 years (after multivariate analysis allowing for a wide range of possible confounders).
- Attributable load of probable mental disorder in whole population due to prenatal anxiety/stress ~10-15%

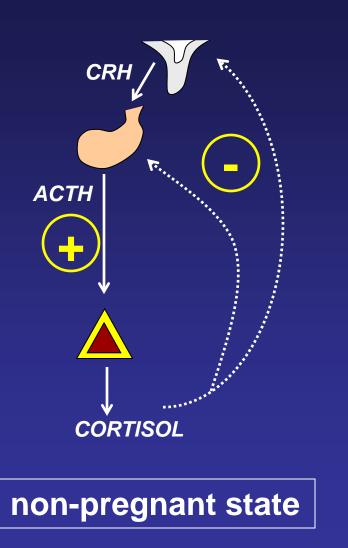
How?

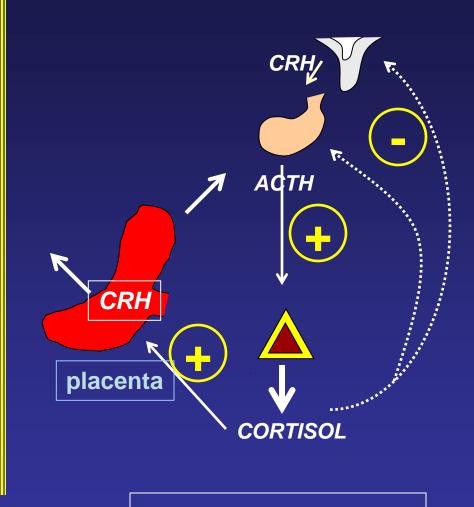




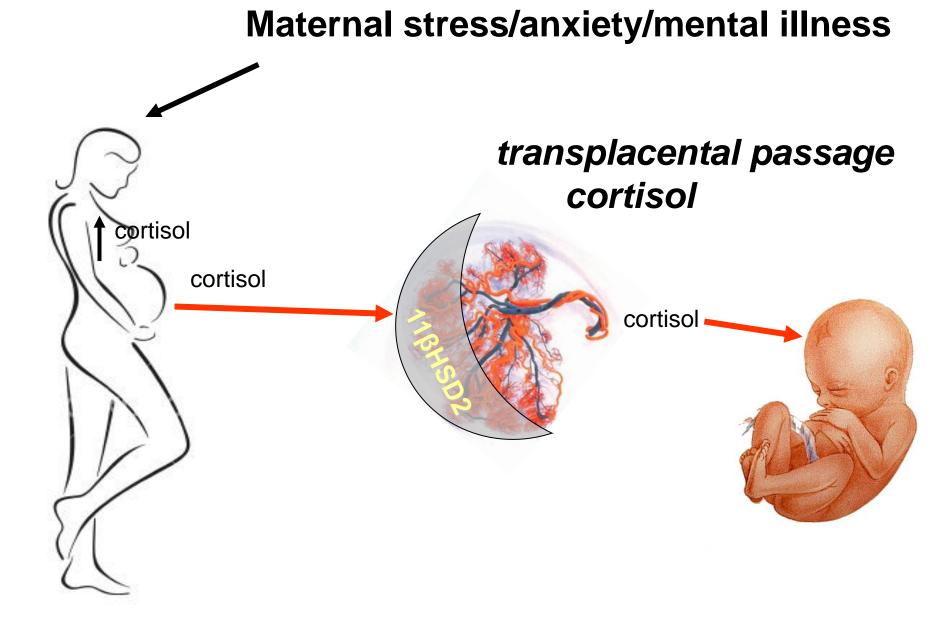
Freeman et al in prepn

Placental CRH in human pregnancy

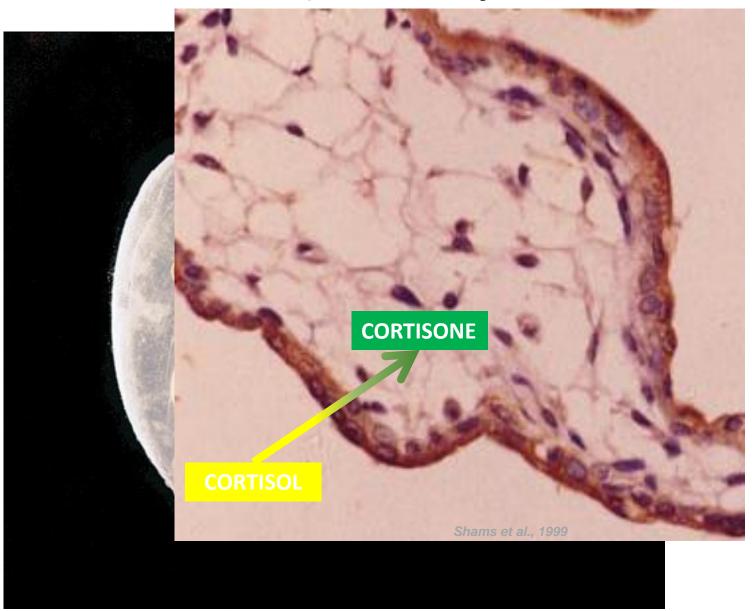




pregnant state

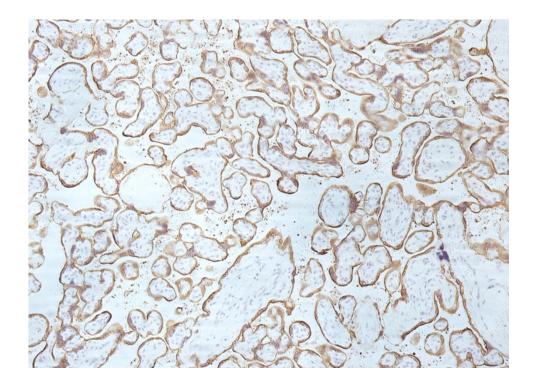


The fet Plade neal 1 1 pairs D2



11bHSD2 in placenta

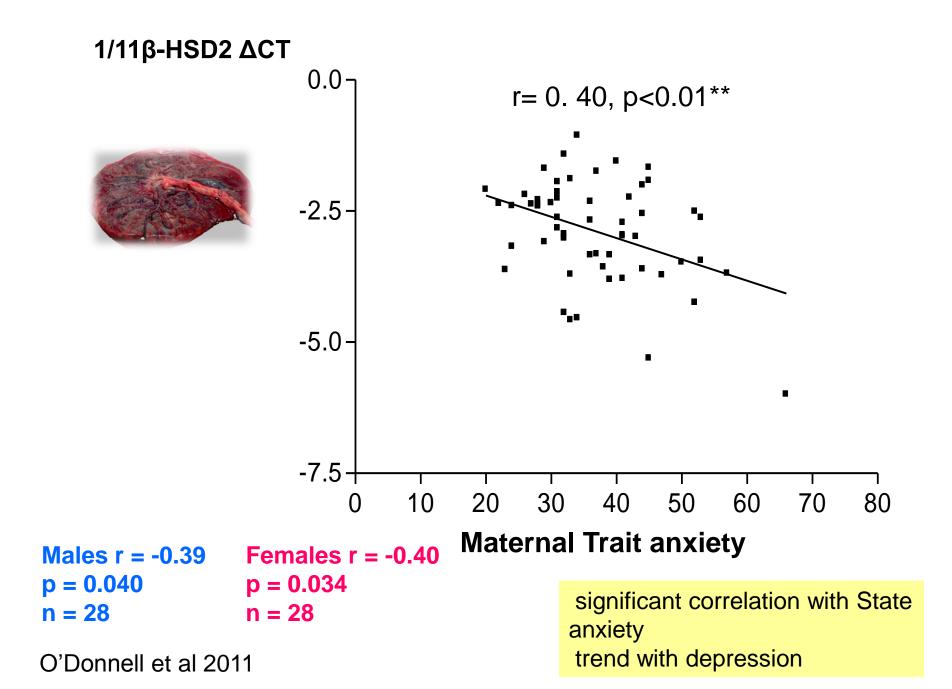
Cortisol — cortisone

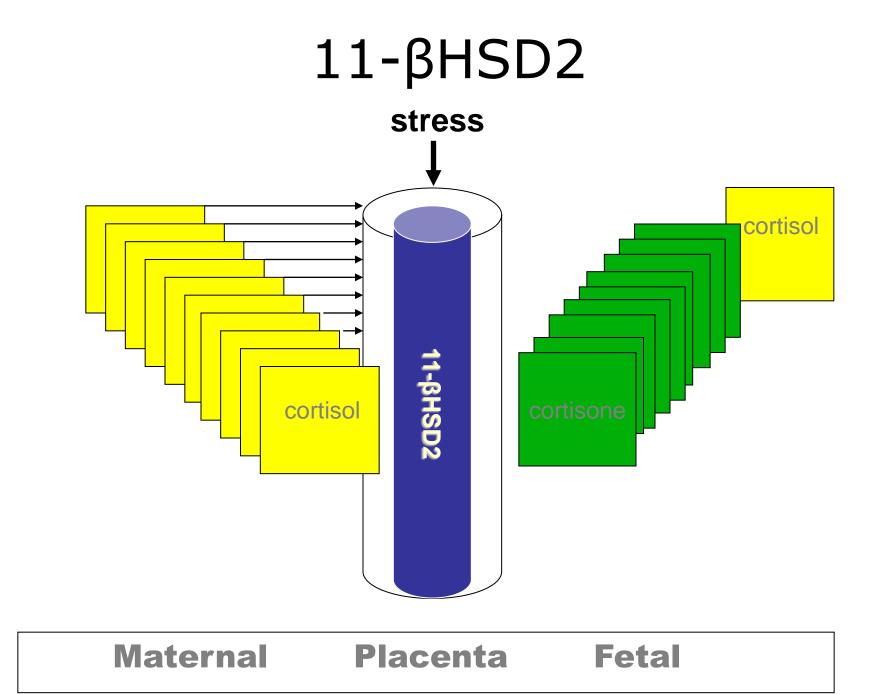


Capron et al

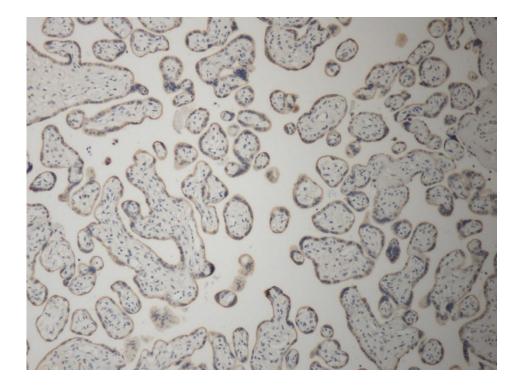
Placental study

- Recruit women having an elective caesarean, day before
- Exclude medical disorders
- Give psychometric questionnaires including Spielberger Trait Anxiety and EPDS
- Collect placenta
- Dissect within one hour after delivery -5 pieces at similar depth
- Store at -80°C
- Analyse for 11-βHSD2 mRNA expression

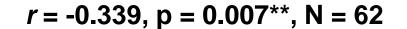






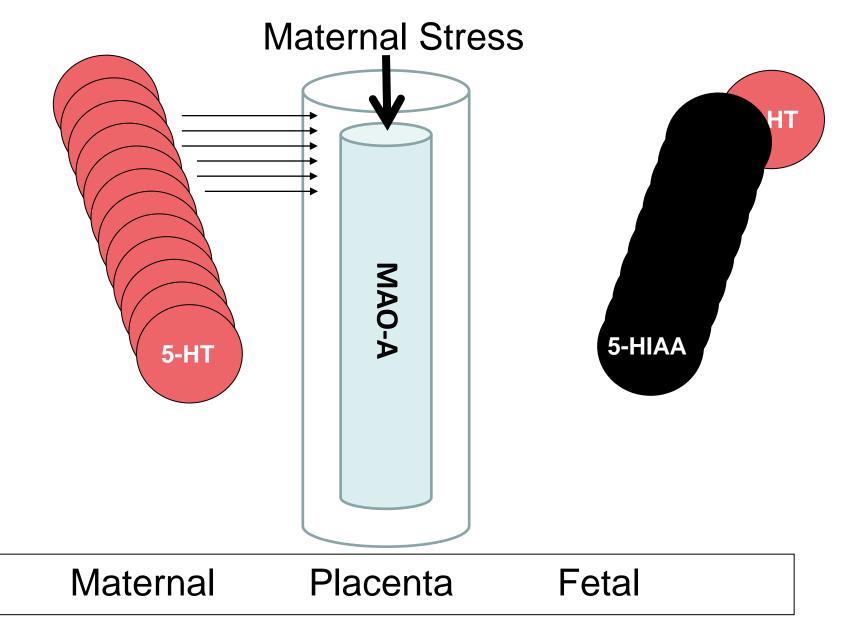


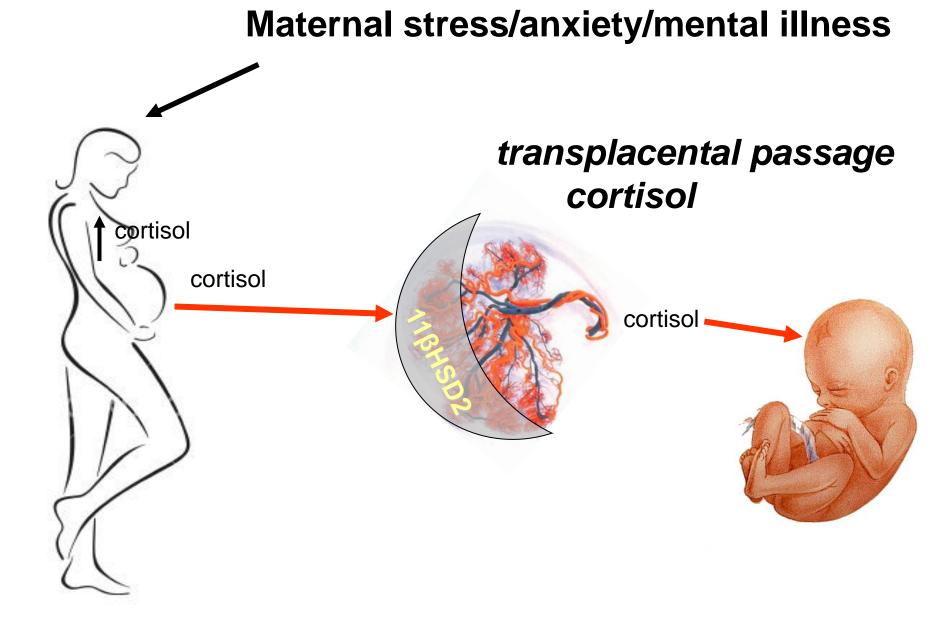
Placental MAO-A and Maternal EDS





Mechanisms : Serotonin overexposure





Spielberger state and trait Anxiety questionnaire

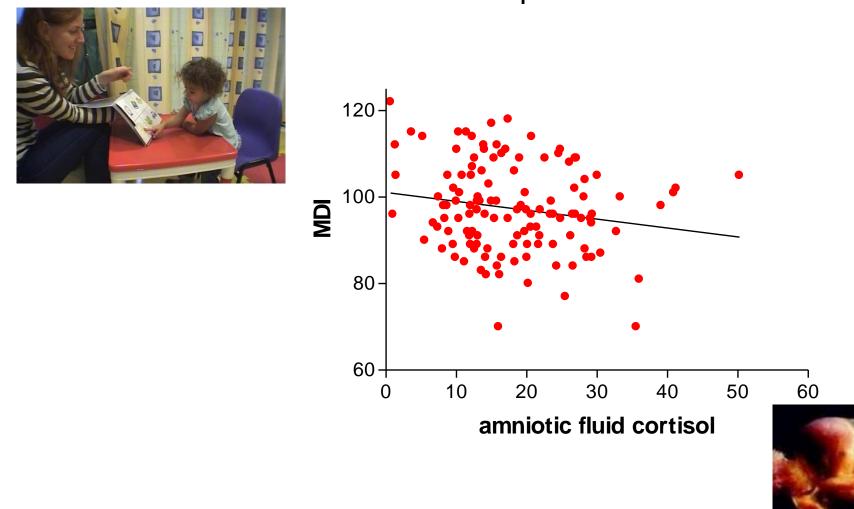


Bayley Scales of Infant Development (BSID-II)



Study child's cognitive (MDI) development at 17 months

Correlation between amniotic fluid cortisol and cognitive development r= - 0.245 n=125 p=0.006



Bergman et al 2010



Ainsworth's 'Strange Situation' Assessmen

1. Parent and child are alone in a room.

Child explores the room without parental participation.

Stranger enters the room, talks to the parent, and approaches the child.

1

4. Parent quietly leaves the room.

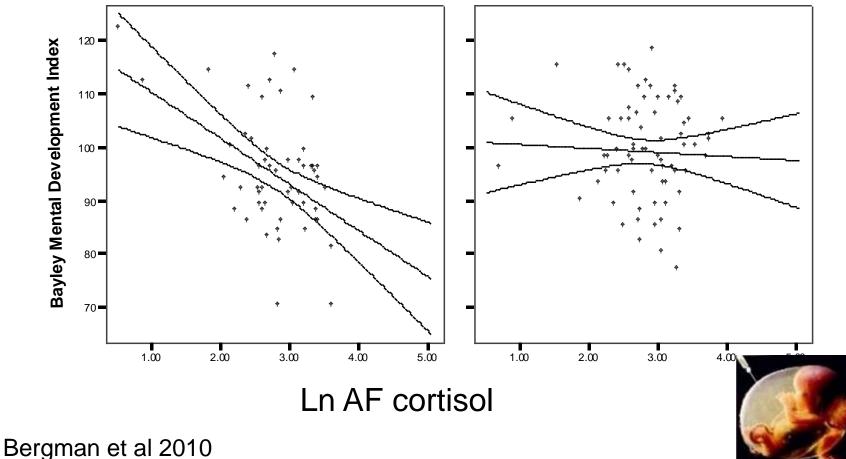
5. Parent then returns and comforts the child.

Effect of Maternal Attachment on association between AF cortisol and Cognitive Development





Secure



 Higher in utero exposure to cortisol is associated with lower cognitive function

 Sensitive early mothering can reverse the effects of high in utero exposure to cortisol

But insensitive mothering can increase fearfulness in the child



Early mothering is just as important as what happens in the womb for child outcome.

MRI study

Sarkar , Craig , Murphy et al submitted



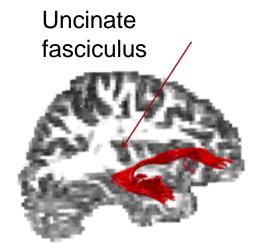


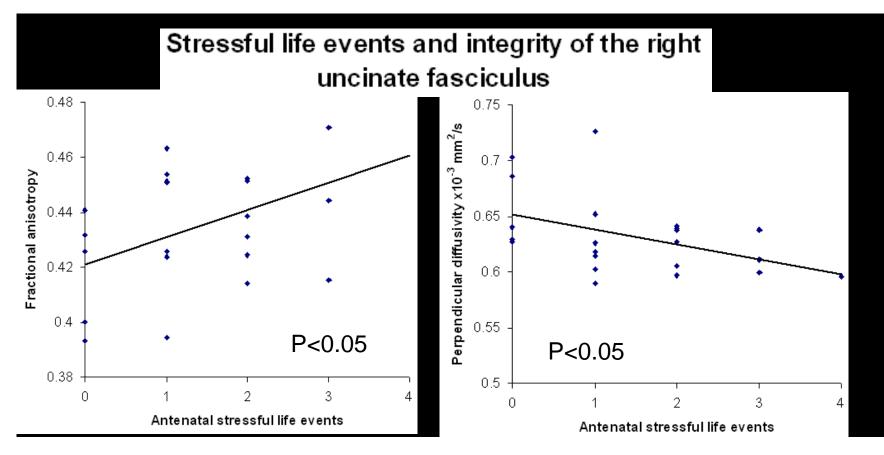
- healthy children recontacted at age 6-9
- 15 minute DT-MRI scan given



≽ n=22

- Integrity of the right UF significantly correlated with prenatal stressful life events
- Associations independent of obstetric and sociodemographic factors and postnatal stressful life events and depression:
- No associations with control Inferior longitudinal fasciculus tract





Why?

Predictive adaptive value of changes due to prenatal stress in a stressful environment in the wild?

 Anxiety/fear reactivitybeneficial effects of more vigilance

- ADHD- shifting attention helps if predators about

Evolutionary benefit of changes caused by prenatal stress

- AnxiousADHDImpulsive
- Conduct disorder
- Aggressive
- Cognitive deficit
- Asberger's

more vigilant readily shifted attention more willing to explore new environments more willing to break rules fight predators or other tribes side effect of ADHD or understands things in a different way



Other findings explained by evolutionary perspective

Sex differences

 females stay to look after offspring- more anxiety/vigilance
 males explore and fight, more conduct disorder, aggression, ADHD

Effects of stress across the range - dose response effect to respond to the degree of stress in the environment

Children not all affected in the same way - genetic variation basis for natural selection

Public health implications of reducing stress/anxiety/depression in pregnancy

- More than one million children in UK suffer from neurodevelopmental disorders
- Attributable load of neurodevelopmental problems due to prenatal stress 10-15%
- Potential to reduce number of affected children in the UK by 100,000-150,000

Interventions?

• Different for each mother



- Detect and treat anxiety and depression in pregnancy
- Help with relationship problems
- Social support
- Practical help with housing etc
- Help to teach sensitive mothering -video feedback?



www.beginbeforebirth.org