

# Living with Lupus: Learn from the Experts

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#### **Overview**

- Living with lupus
  - Knowing as much as you can about this complex disease
  - Understanding how lupus can affect your body
  - Making lifestyle changes to stay as healthy as possible
- Successfully managing lupus starts with awareness
  - Managing flares, changes in symptoms, physical conditions
  - Coping strategies



- Lupus Clinical Features and Prognosis
- Treatment Considerations
- Lifestyle Considerations
- Coping Strategies
- Workplace and Resources
- LFA Resources



#### **Clinical Features**

- Lupus is a chronic autoimmune disease that can affect virtually any part of the body.
- Lupus is much more common in women than in men. It can occur at any age.
- Lupus is a disease of spontaneous flares and remissions.
- The most common symptoms are fatigue, photosensitive rash, and joint pains.



## Prognosis

- Most people with lupus can look forward to a normal lifespan:
  - Follow physician instructions
  - Know when to seek help for side effects or new symptoms
- Serious problems occur in some people and generally can be treated successfully
  - Close monitoring is essential
  - Take medications as prescribed



#### **Treatment Considerations**

- For most people proper treatment can
  - Reduce symptoms
  - Protect against serious organ damage
- Medications are an important part of managing lupus
  - Lupus is different for each person
  - Physician looks for the best combination of medications for you



## **Treatment of Mild-Moderate Lupus**

- Rest
- Avoid sun exposure
- Topical corticosteroids
- Antimalarial drugs (plaquenil)
- Anti-inflammatory drugs
- Low-dose corticosteroids (prednisone)
- Health maintenance preventative measures



#### **Treatment of Severe Lupus**

- Often requires potent immunosuppressive drugs
- Close monitoring required for disease flares and/or medication side effects
- Consider participation in clinical trials



#### Lifestyle Considerations Overview

- Fatigue
- Rest
- Exercise
- Diet and nutrition
- Smoking
- Sensitivity to light



- 80% of people with lupus experience significant fatigue
- It is unclear why fatigue occurs in so many people with lupus, but many factors appear to play a role
  - Disease activity
  - Pain
  - Medications
  - Poor physical conditioning
  - Mental health/Depression
  - Lack of social support



- Proper amounts of rest
  - Extremely important for people with lupus
  - At least 7 hours of sleep per night is a good goal
  - Helps with fatigue
  - Helps when experiencing flares
- Napping is helpful and sometimes necessary
  - Allow extra time in your day to rest



#### Exercise

- Like everyone else, people with lupus should exercise regularly
- Exercise plans should be discussed with your physician
- Low impact activities are best if you're experiencing swollen joints or muscle pain
  - Walking
  - Swimming
  - Bicycling
  - Yoga/Pilates
  - Stretching



#### Exercise

- Regular exercise and even simple low-impact movement will:
  - Reduce or minimize stress
  - Help keep your heart healthy
  - Improve muscle strength and reduce
    muscle stiffness
  - Increase your range of motion
  - Help prevent osteoporosis



#### **Diet and Nutrition**

- There is no special diet for people with lupus
- A nutritious, well-balanced diet is advised
  - Fruits, vegetables, whole grains and moderate amounts of poultry and fish
- Avoid alfalfa sprouts, which may trigger flares
- Herbs, supplements and vitamins should be discussed with your physician



## **Diet and Nutrition**

- Alcohol can be used in moderation, but may complicate the use of some medications
  - e.g., NSAIDs, anticoagulants, methotrexate
- Corticosteroids may elevate blood pressure and cholesterol – so fat and salt should be limited
- Due to the increased risk of osteoporosis, it may be helpful to eat foods rich in calcium
  - Green leafy vegetables, milk, cheese, yogurt, calcium supplements
- If fluid retention is a problem, salt should be limited



- Tobacco is especially harmful to people with lupus
- Smoking impairs the body's entire circulatory system and increases the risk of atherosclerosis, a condition seen often in lupus patients
- Flares in cutaneous lupus have been linked to an ingredient in tobacco
  - Stop smoking and avoid second-hand smoke



# **Sensitivity to Light**

- Two-thirds of people with lupus have increased sensitivity to ultraviolet (UV) rays
  - Sunlight, artificial light, or both
- Excessive exposure to the sun can cause a lupus flare
- Use sunscreen when outdoors
  - Both UVA and UVB protection
  - At least 30 SPF



# **Sensitivity to Light**

- Avoid sunlight between the hours of 10 am and 4 pm
- Clothing and hats also help protect from UV light
- For indoor light exposure, there are shields that cover fluorescent bulbs (can be ordered from several manufacturers)
  - Shields with nanometer readings of 380 to 400 are best



# **Coping Strategies**

- Control fatigue:
  - Learn to pace activities and listen to your body
- Control stress:
  - Identify your stressors and use methods to control the stress
  - Say "no" when necessary
- Manage depression:
  - Most episodes subside on their own; inform your doctor if your depression is prolonged



# **Coping Strategies**

- Manage anger:
  - Don't let anger bottle up
  - Communicate with family/friends and help them understand what you are feeling
- Resolve guilt:
  - Modify thoughts and behavior
- Address intimacy issues:
  - Pain, fatigue, depression and certain medications can lower your interest in intimacy
  - Good communication helps counter negative self perceptions



## **Workplace Considerations**

- Address workplace issues
  - Discuss needs with employer
- Modify workstation if necessary to relieve physical stress factors
- Take on less physically demanding tasks
  - Say "no" when necessary



#### **Workplace Resources**

- The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) a valuable resource
  - Employers cannot discriminate against individuals with a disability (chronic disease is a disability)
- Employers may have short- or long-term disability benefits
- Social Security Administration (SSA)
  - Primary source for financial assistance for persons
    who cannot continue to work



- There is more to you as an individual than having lupus
- Allow for personal time
- Adhere to medication regimes
- Communicate
  - It's okay to say no
  - Be open with loved ones and with your physician(s) and other health care providers



#### Also Remember....

- Continue to learn as much as you can
- Incorporate lifestyle changes
- Manage lupus with awareness
  - Symptoms
  - Flares
  - Tension and stress
- Use coping strategies identified here



## **On the Horizon**

- There has been enormous progress in recent years in understanding the biology of lupus.
- Numerous new approaches to treatment are under development and/or investigation.
- Information on participating in clinical trials can be found on the LFA web site at: http://www.lupus.org/clinicaltrials
- ACCESS Trial for treatment of active lupus nephritis – see: http://www.lupusnephritis.org



## LFA National Office Resources

- Visit the LFA at <u>www.lupus.org</u>
  - LFA Nurse Health Educator available to answer questions by email or phone
  - Online resources and print materials
  - Find a local chapter and support group
    - Chapters and support groups can also help you find local community health resources
  - Ways to get involved (Walks, Advocacy, Facebook, Twitter, etc.)