

Metabolic basis for dyslipidaemia in Type 2 Diabetes

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Summary

- Overview of lipid metabolism
- Diabetic dyslipidaemia and insulin action
- Aspects of diabetic dyslipidaemia independent of insulin action

Lipid abnormalities in Type 2 diabetes

- High triglyceride concentrations, particularly post-prandially (postprandial lipaemia)

↑ TG

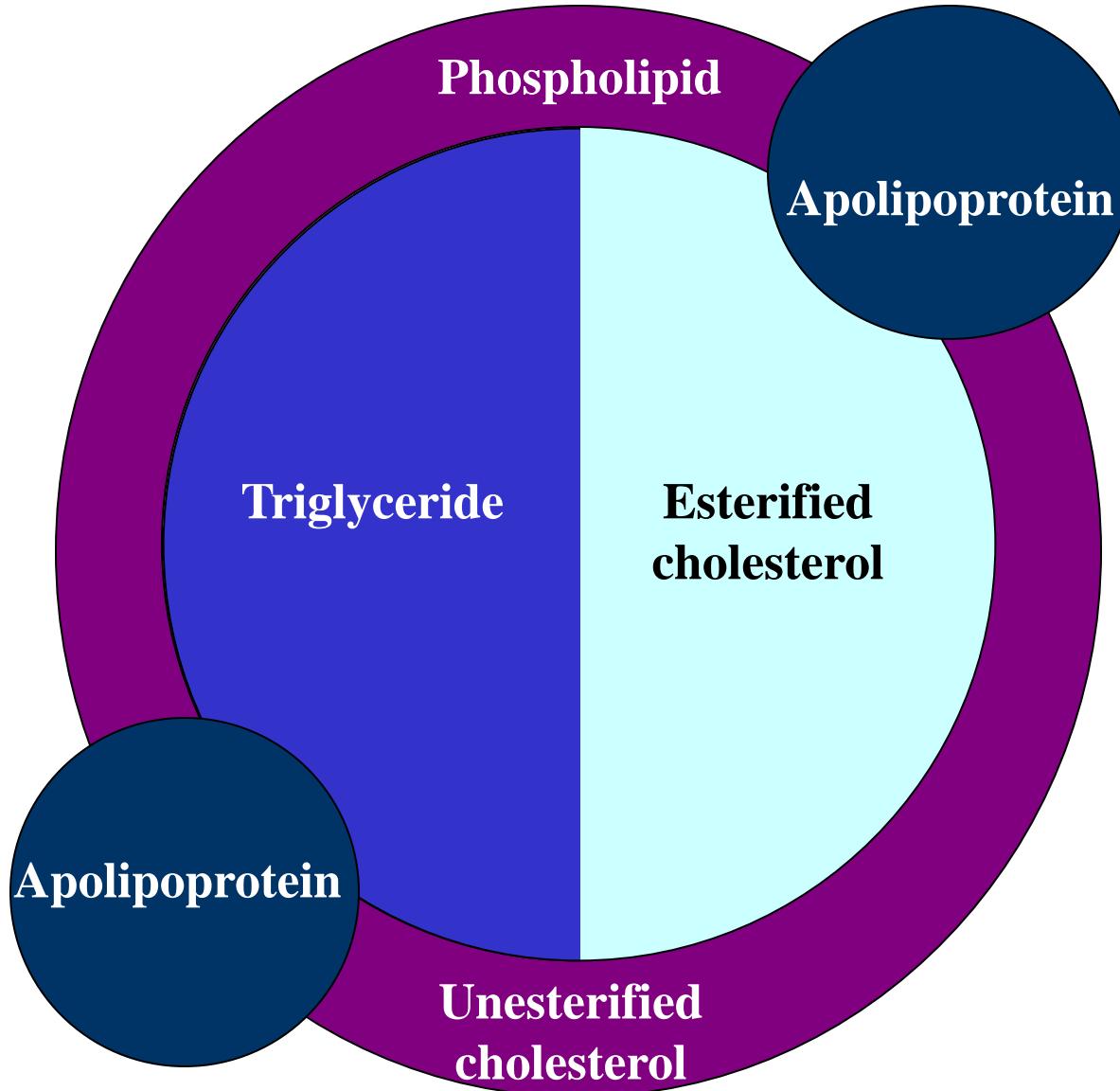
- Low HDL cholesterol concentrations

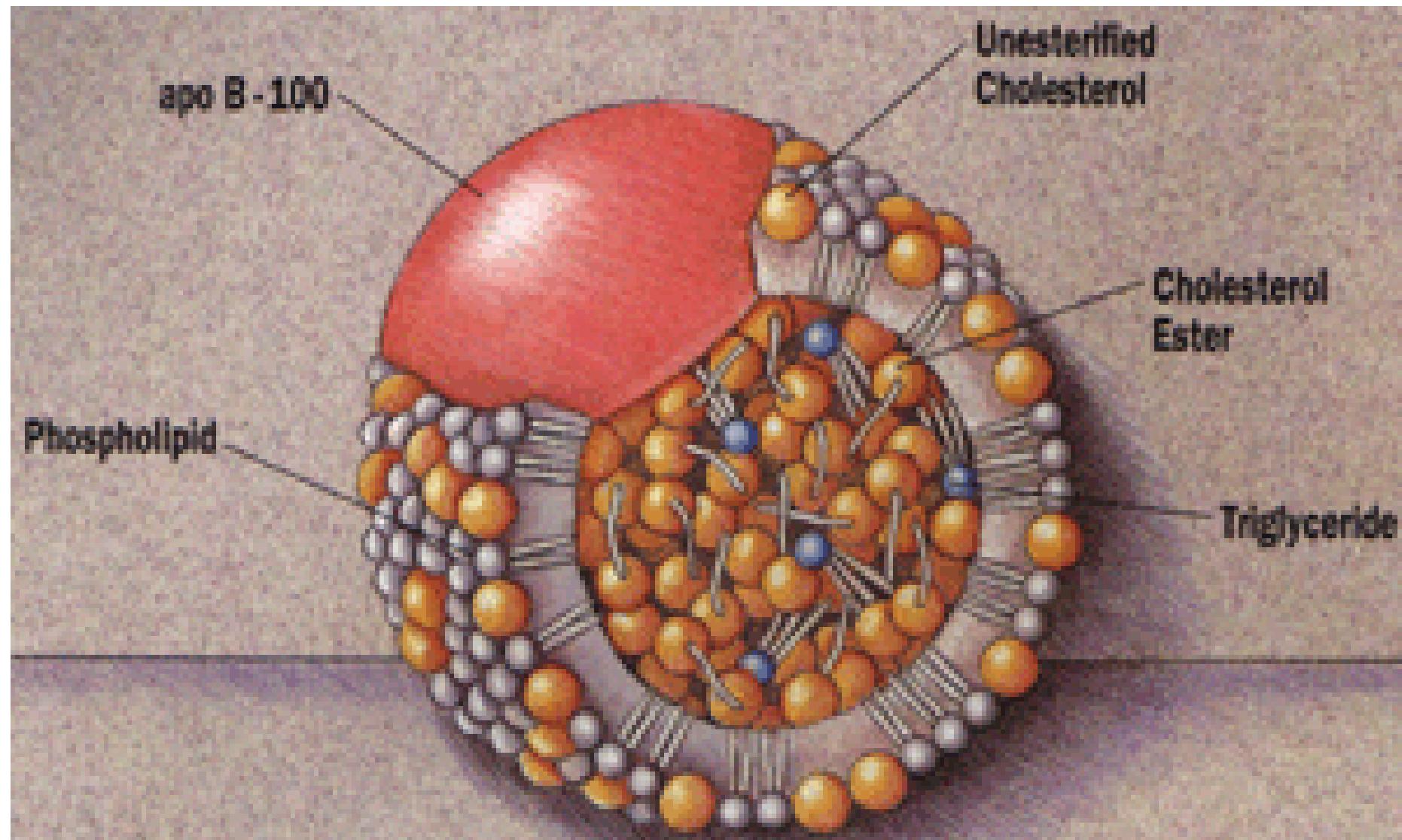
↓ HDL chol

- Normal total and LDL cholesterol concentrations, but small dense LDL particles

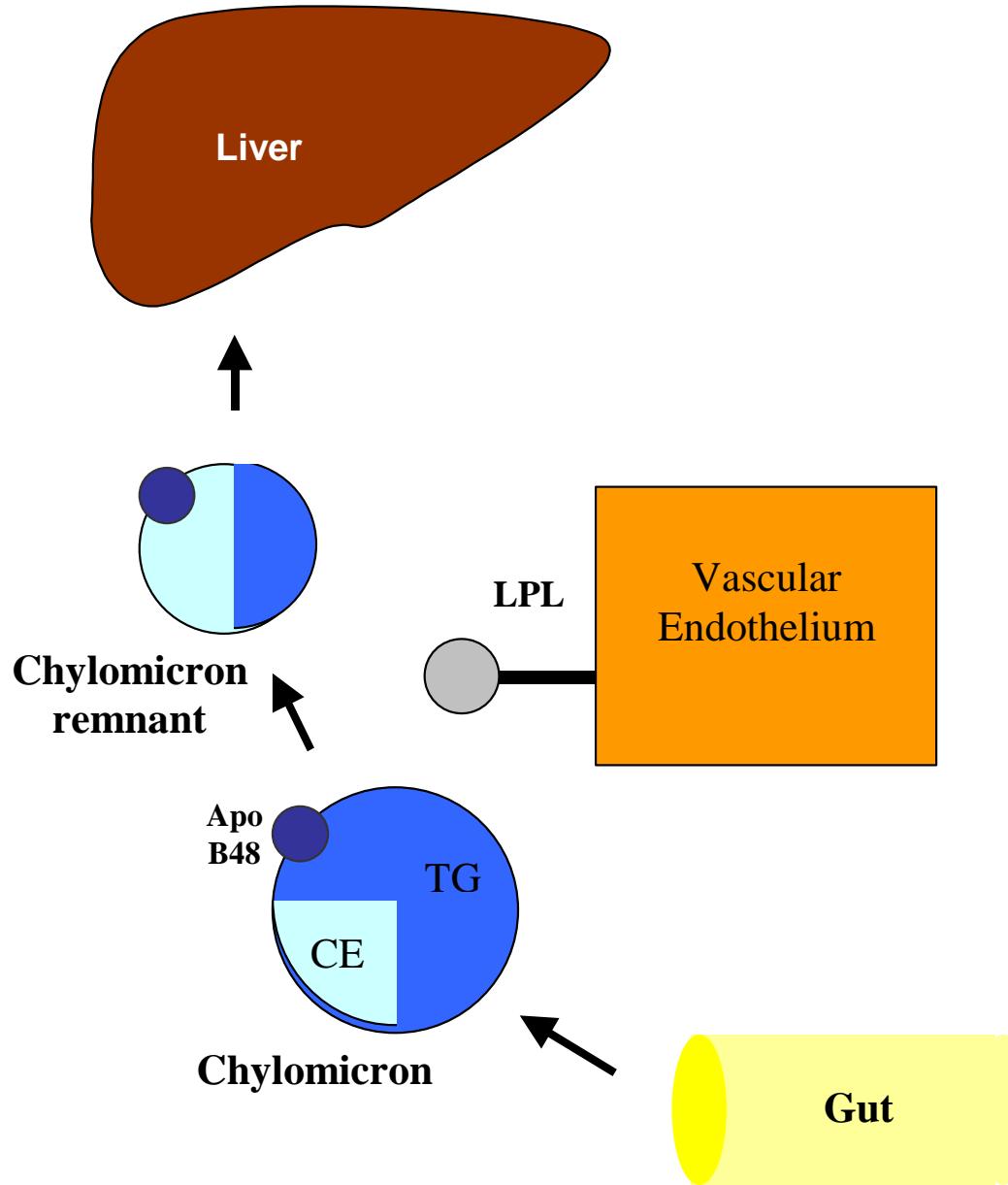
→ Total + LDL chol

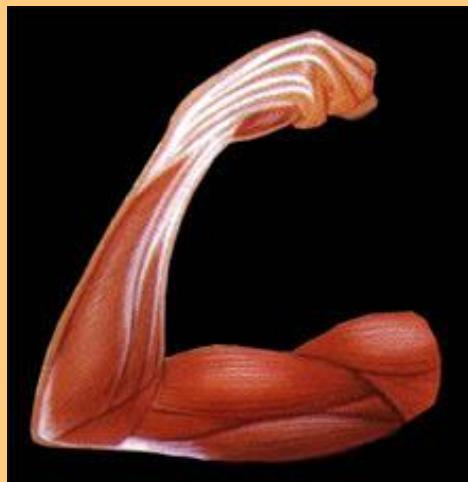
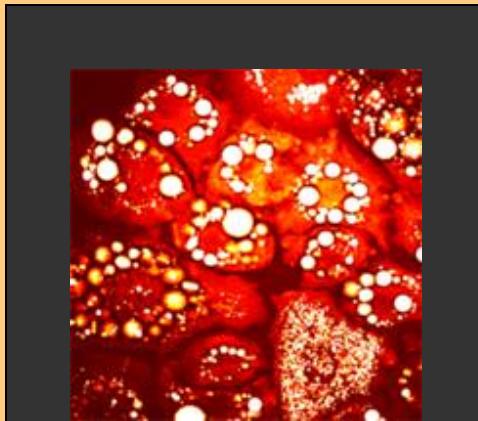






Triglyceride metabolism in the post-prandial state

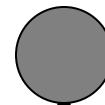




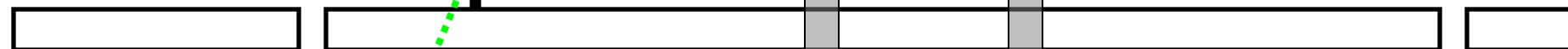
Fatty acid
Fatty acid
Fatty acid



Fatty acids + Glycerol



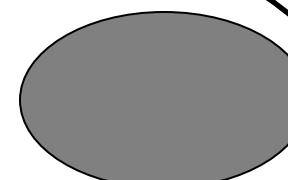
Lipoprotein Lipase



Fatty acids

Glycerol

Fatty acid
Fatty acid
Fatty acid



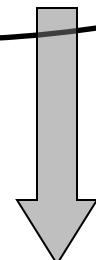
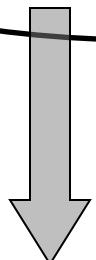
Hormone sensitive Lipase

Stimulates

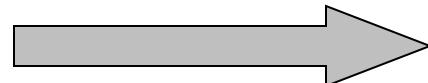
INSULIN

Inhibits

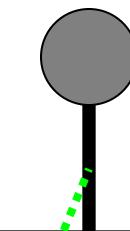
Fatty acids + Glycerol



Fatty acid
Fatty acid
Fatty acid



Fatty acids + Glycerol



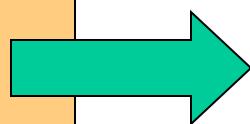
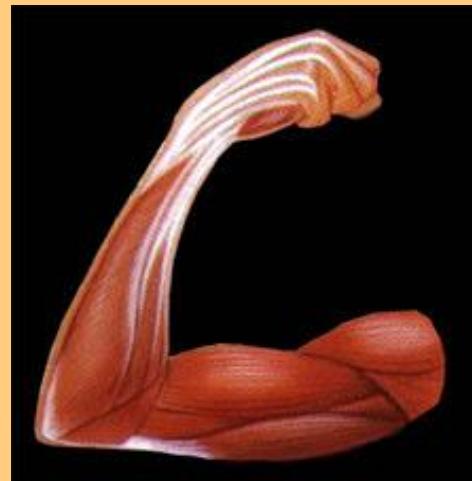
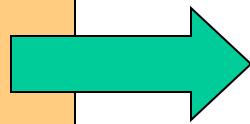
Fatty acids Glycerol

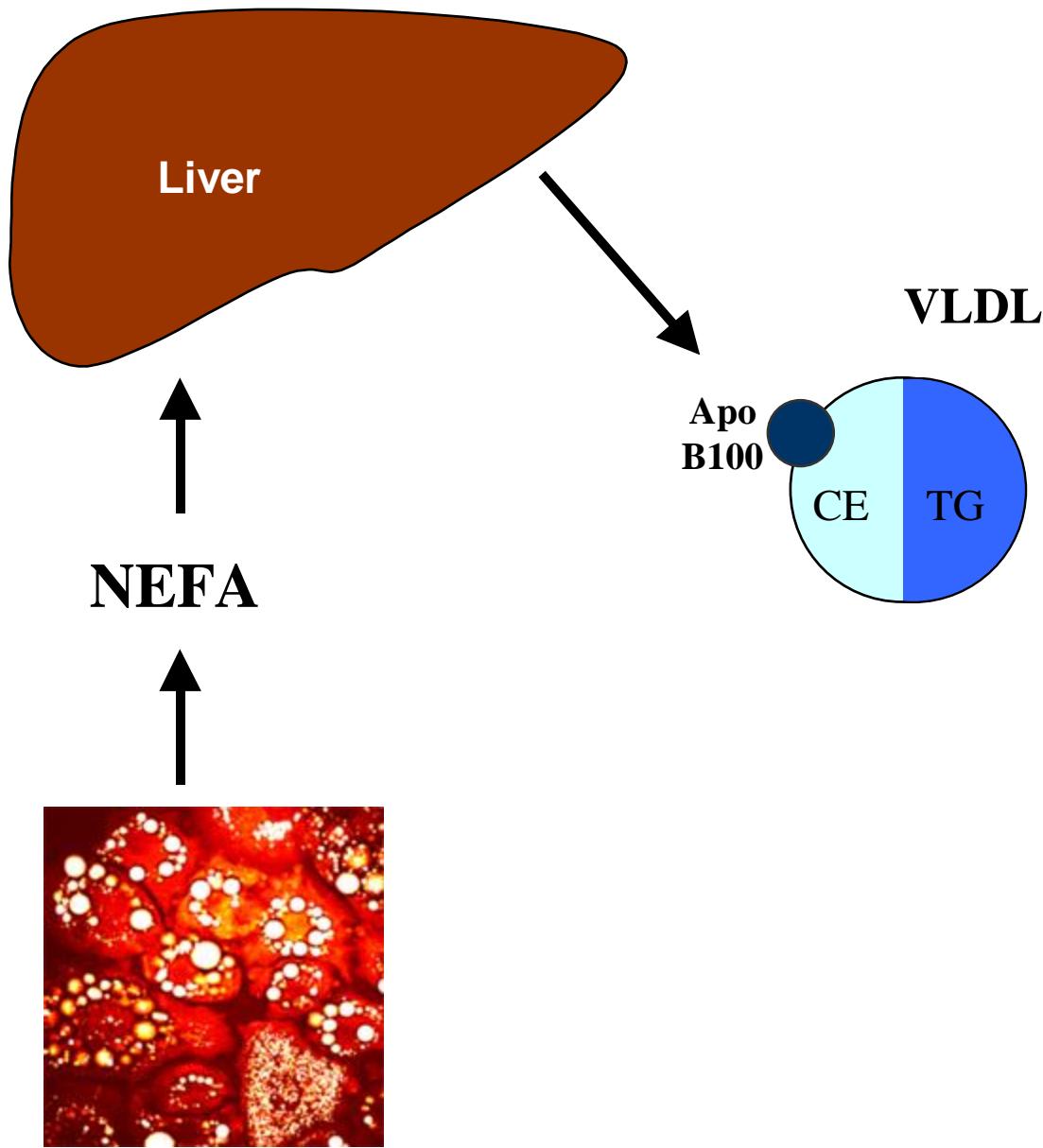
Beta oxidation

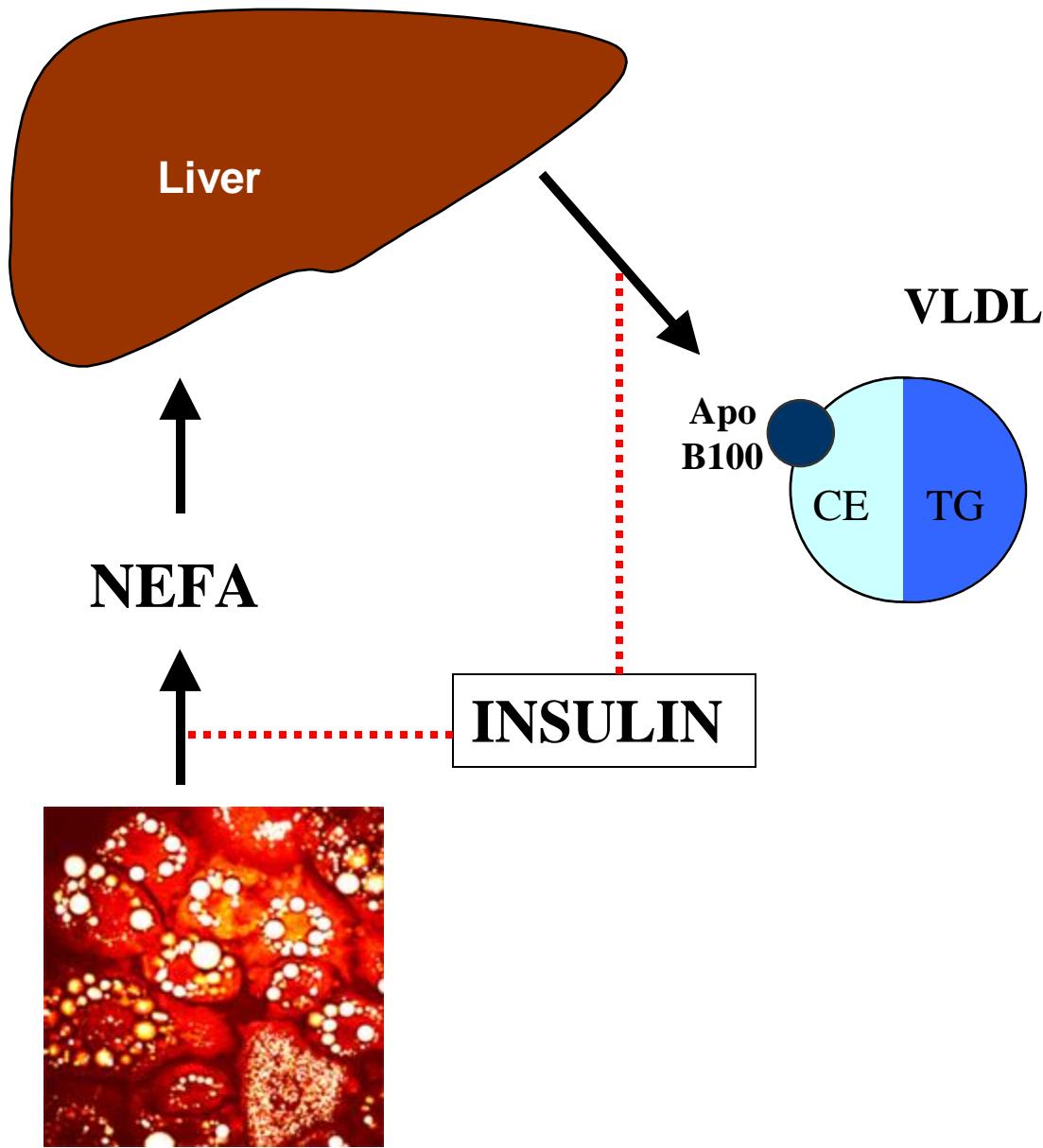
ATP

Stimulates

INSULIN



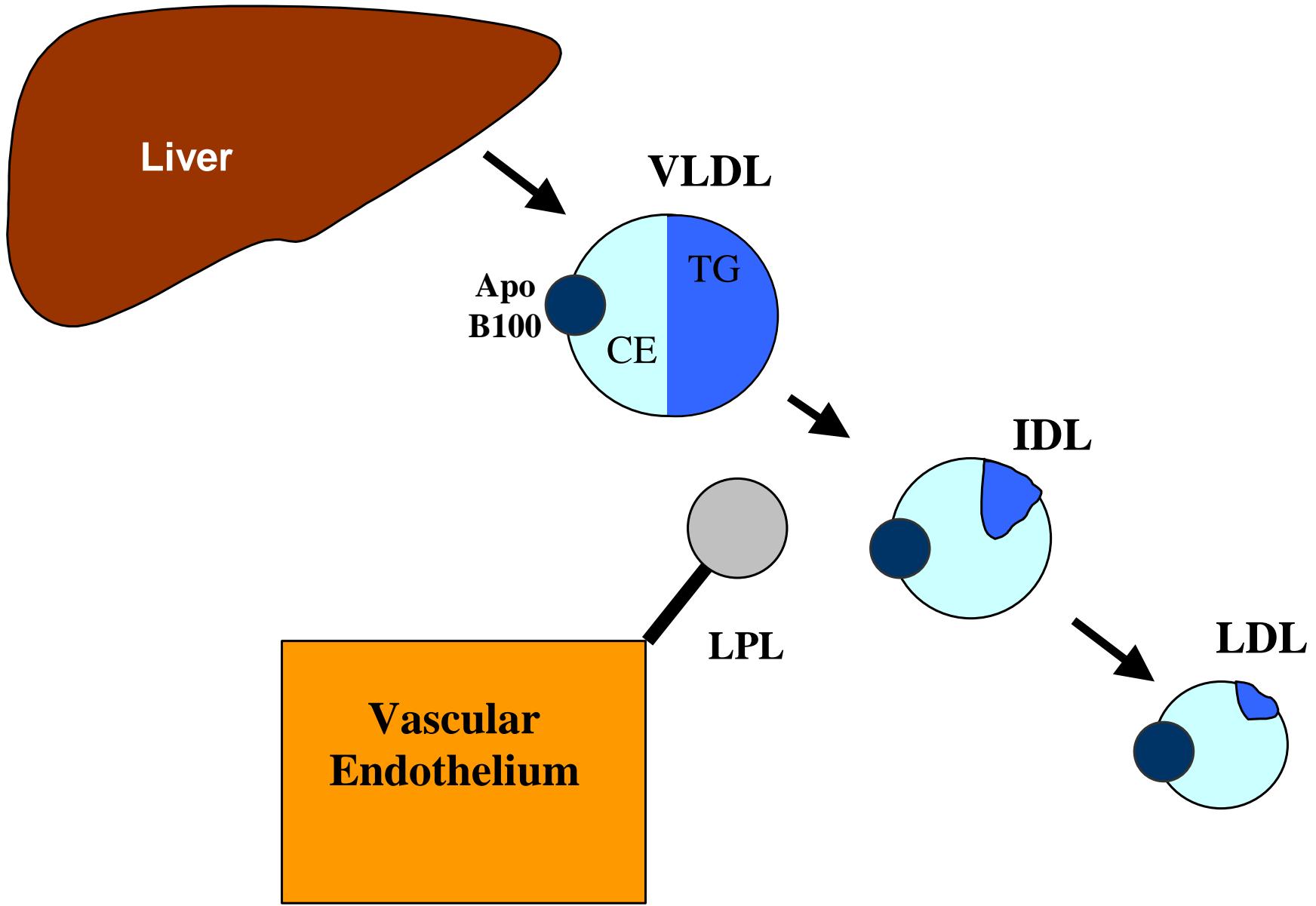




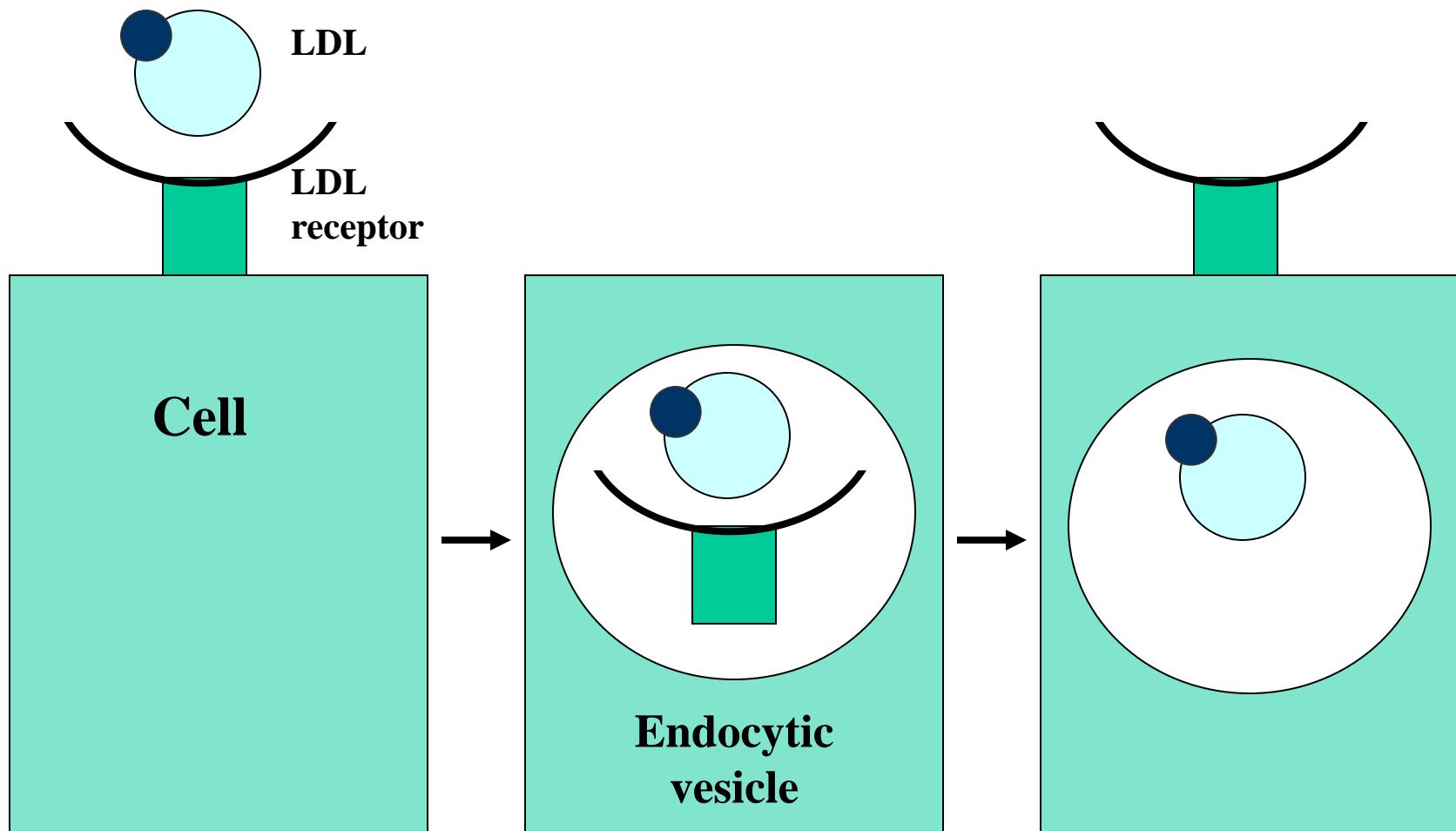
**Triglyceride metabolism in
the fasting state**

and

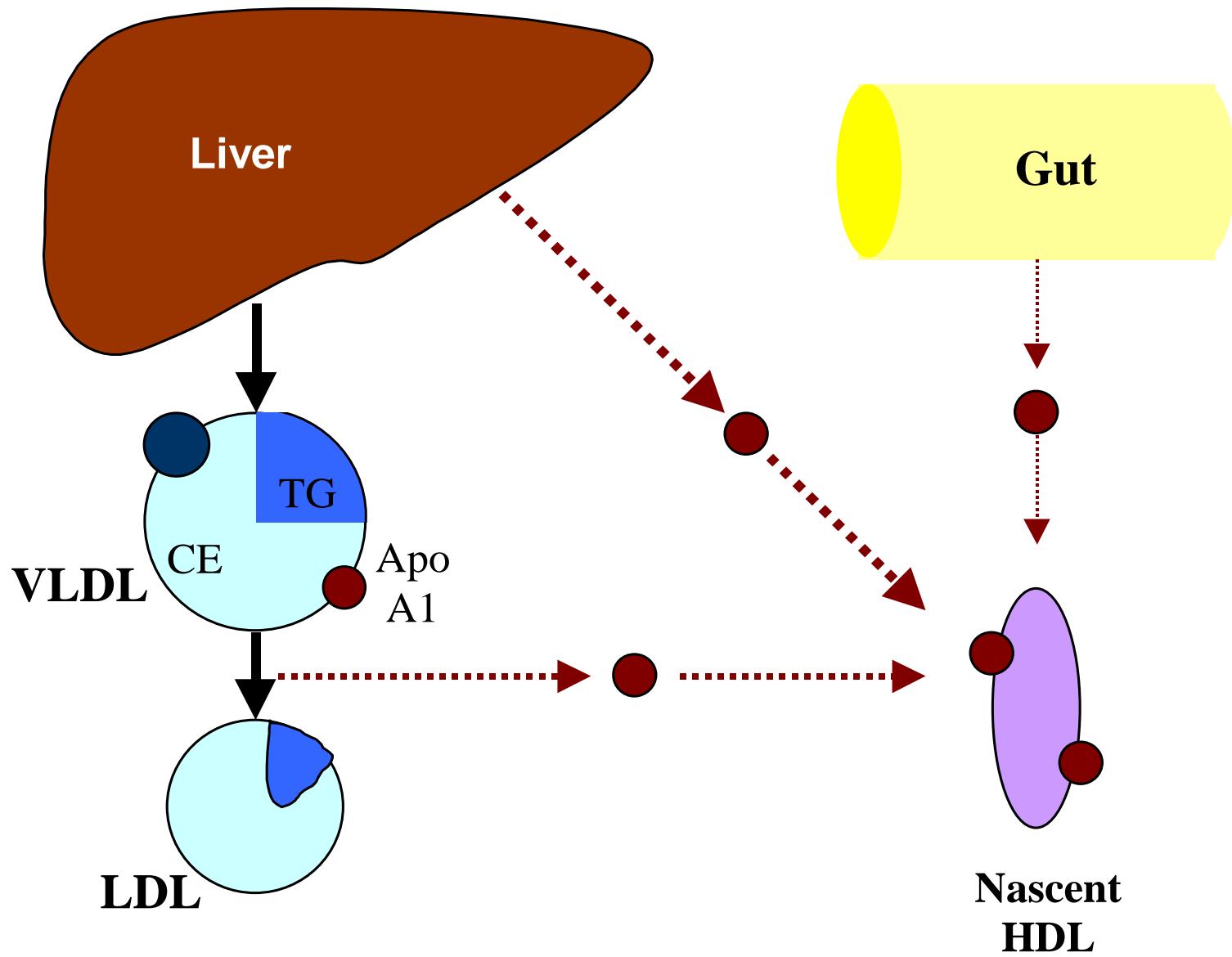
**Forward cholesterol
transport**

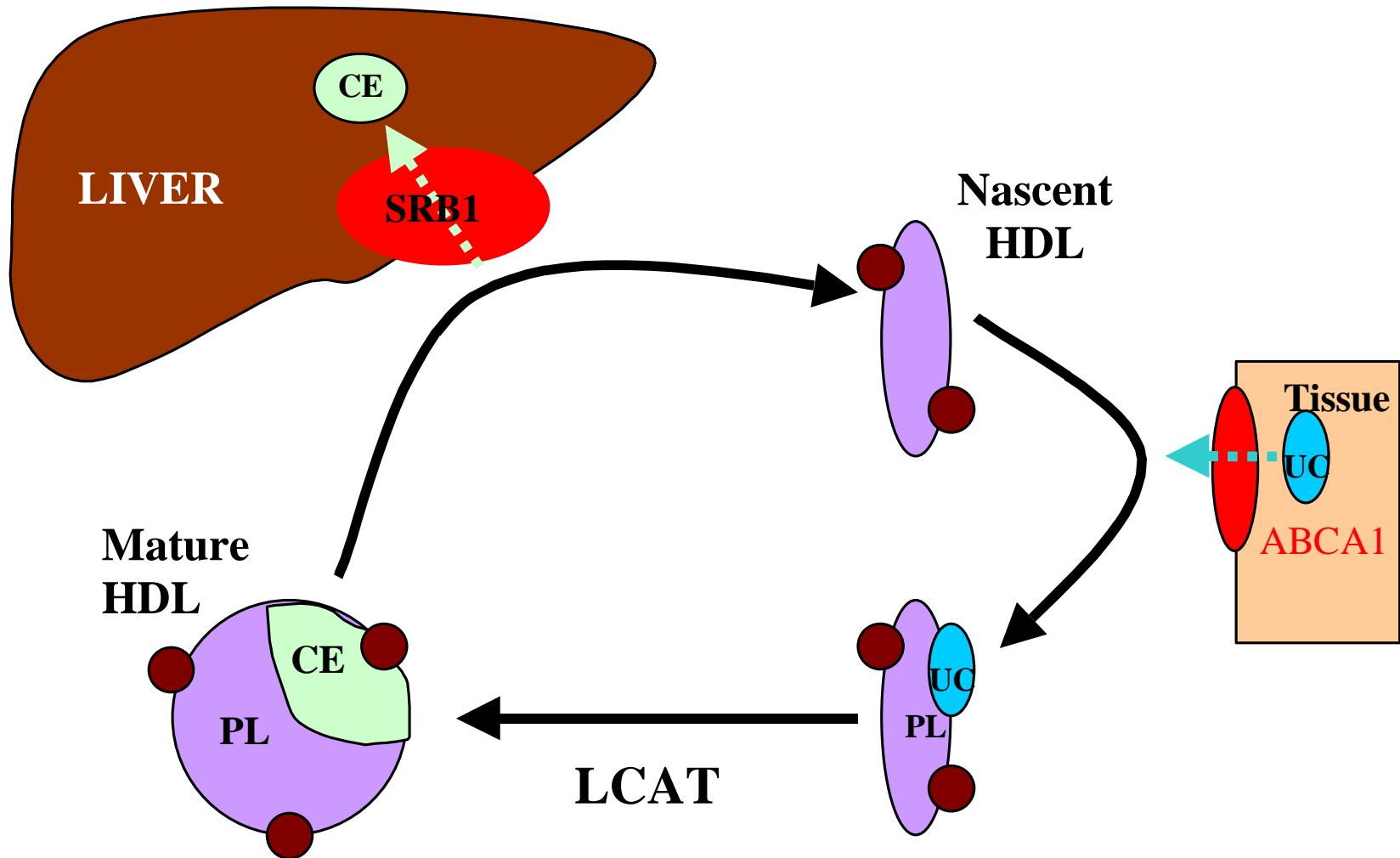


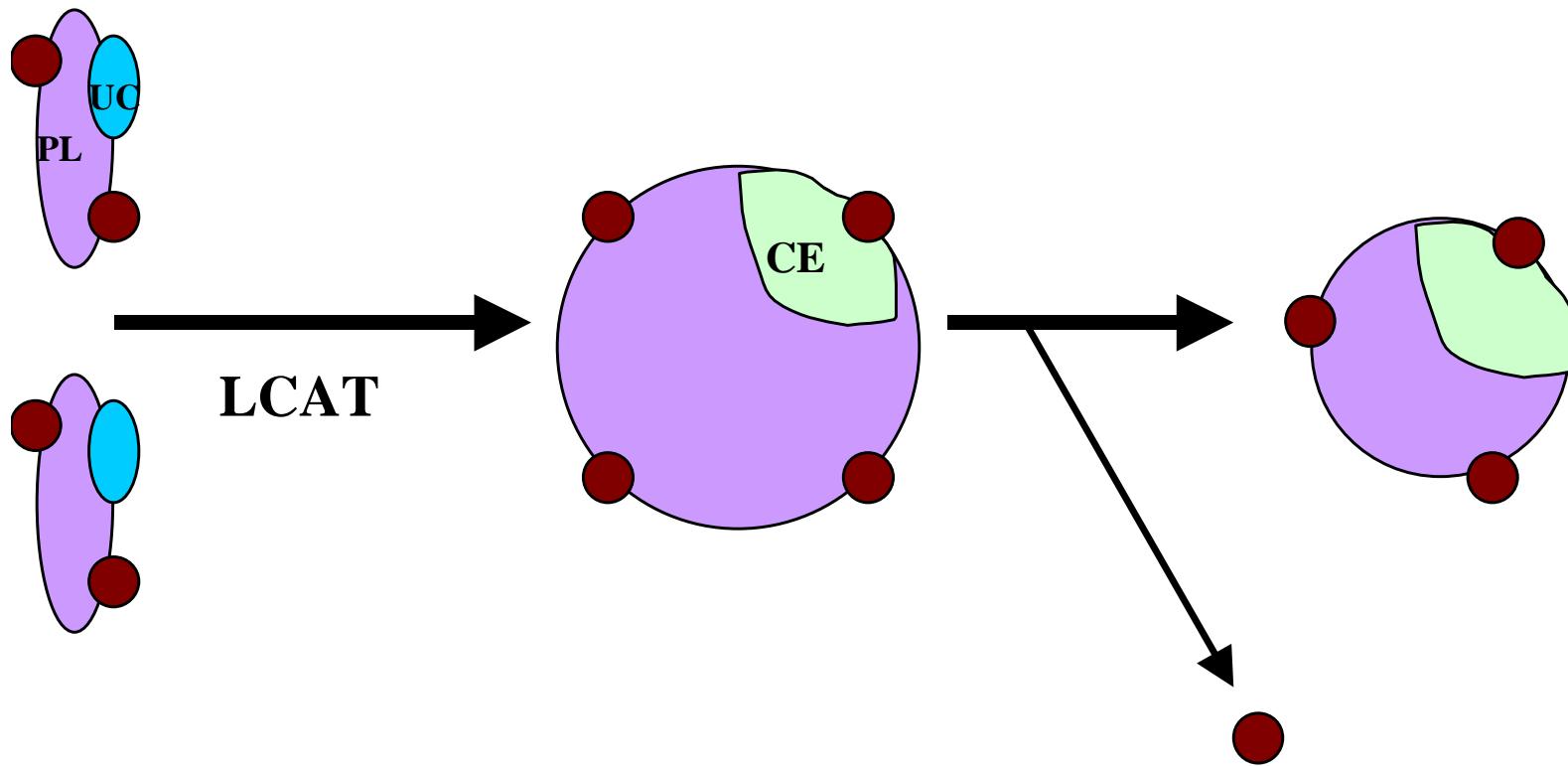
The LDL receptor and LDL uptake



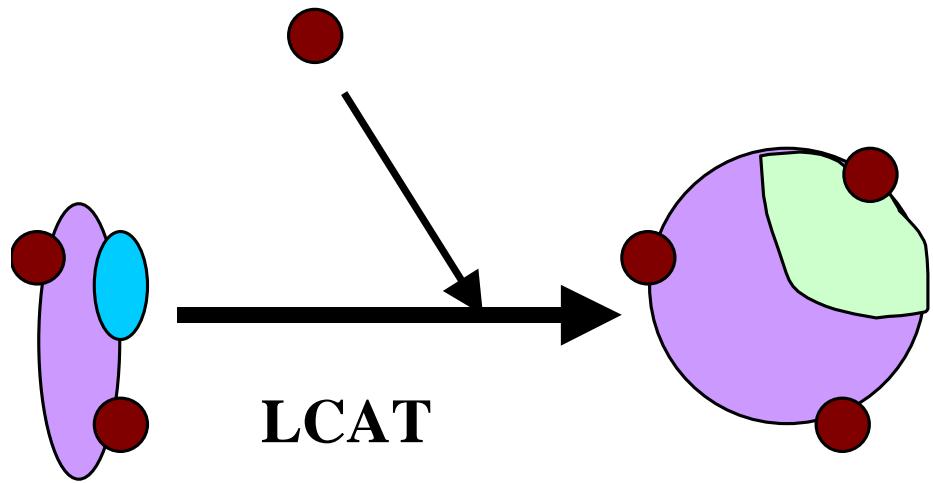
Reverse cholesterol transport



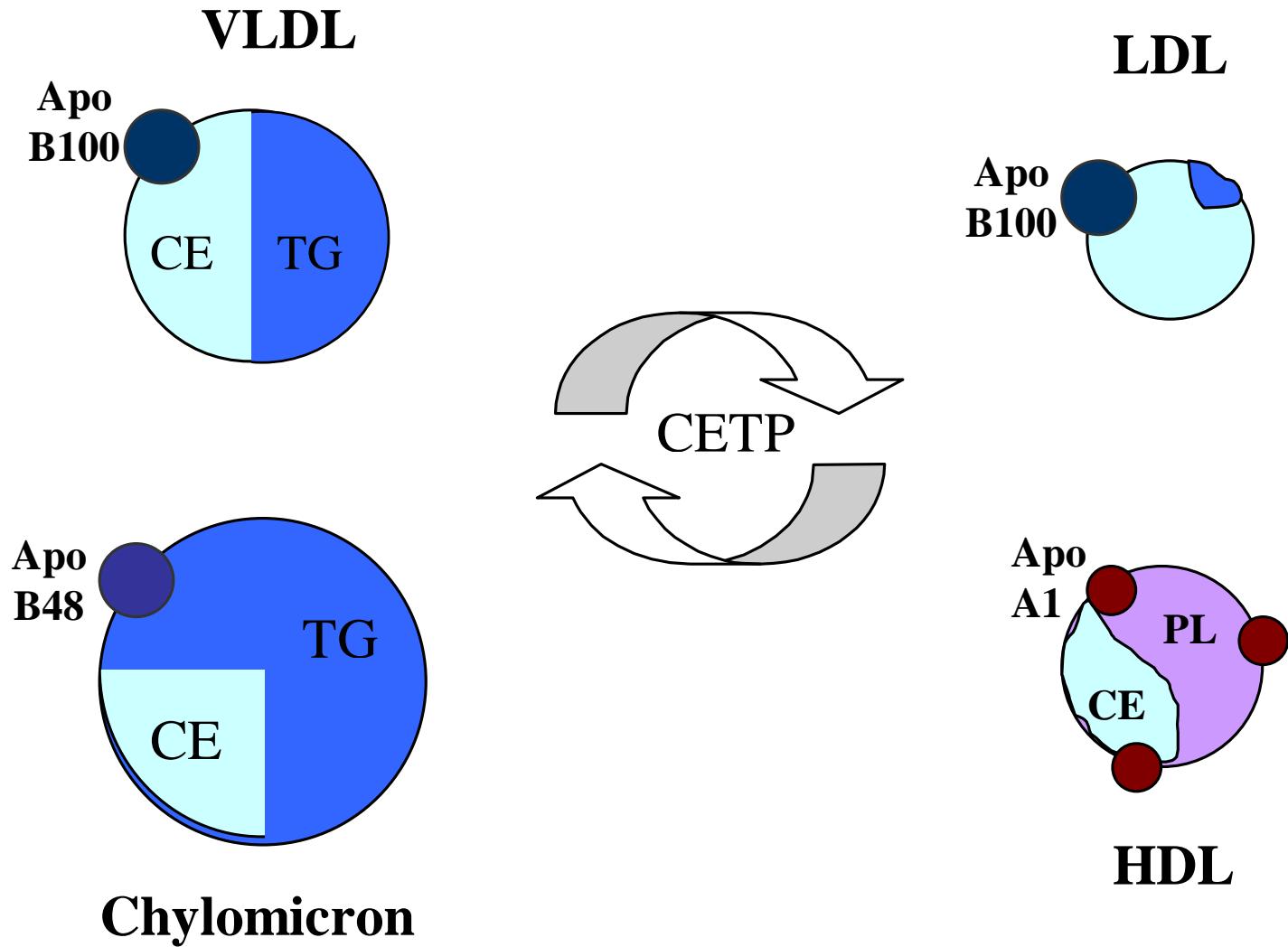




Lecithin:cholesterol acyltransferase

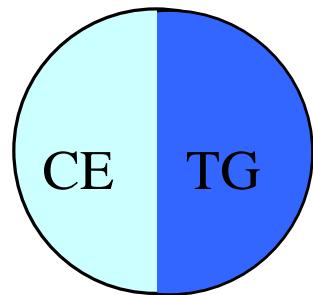


Lecithin:cholesterol acyltransferase

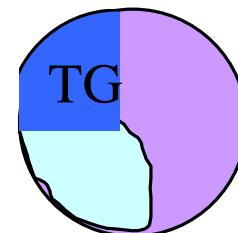
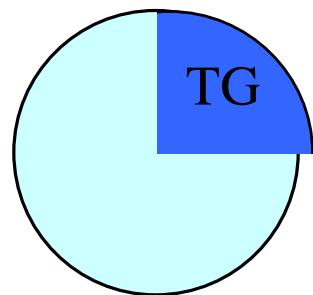
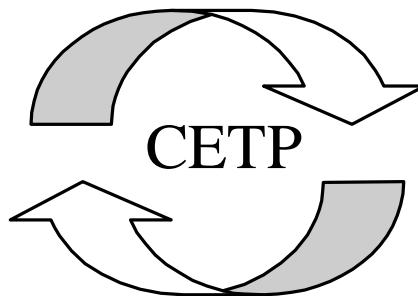
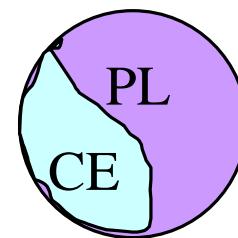


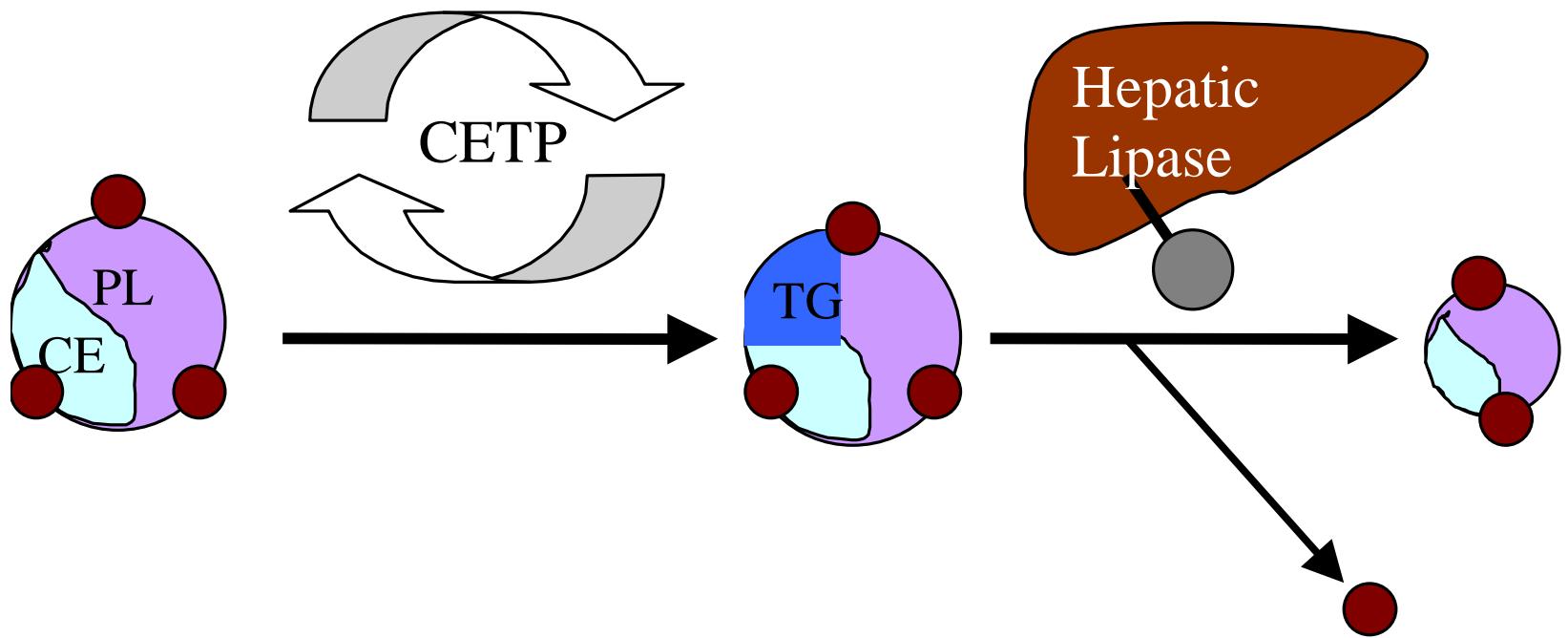
Cholesterol ester transfer protein

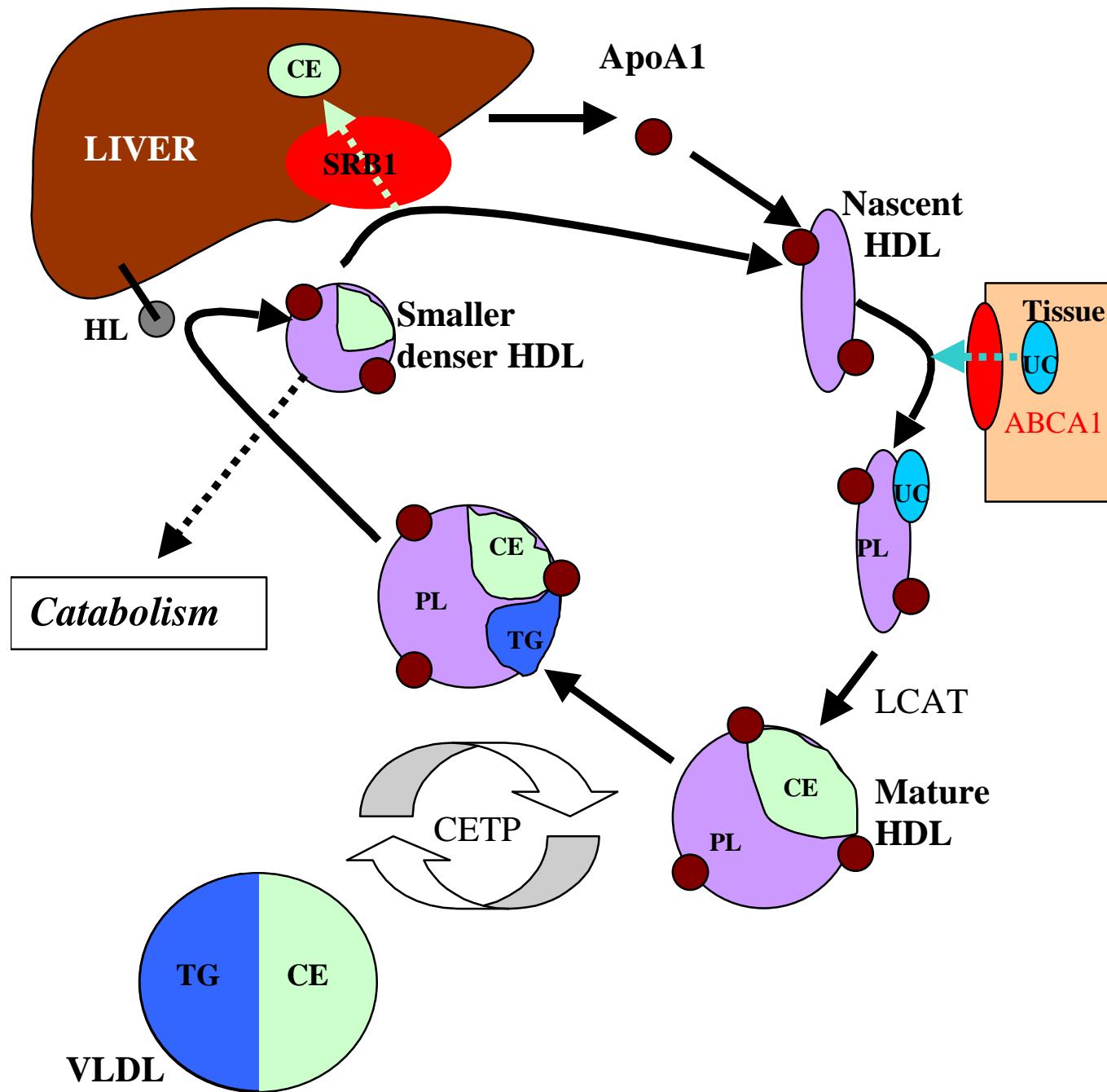
VLDL

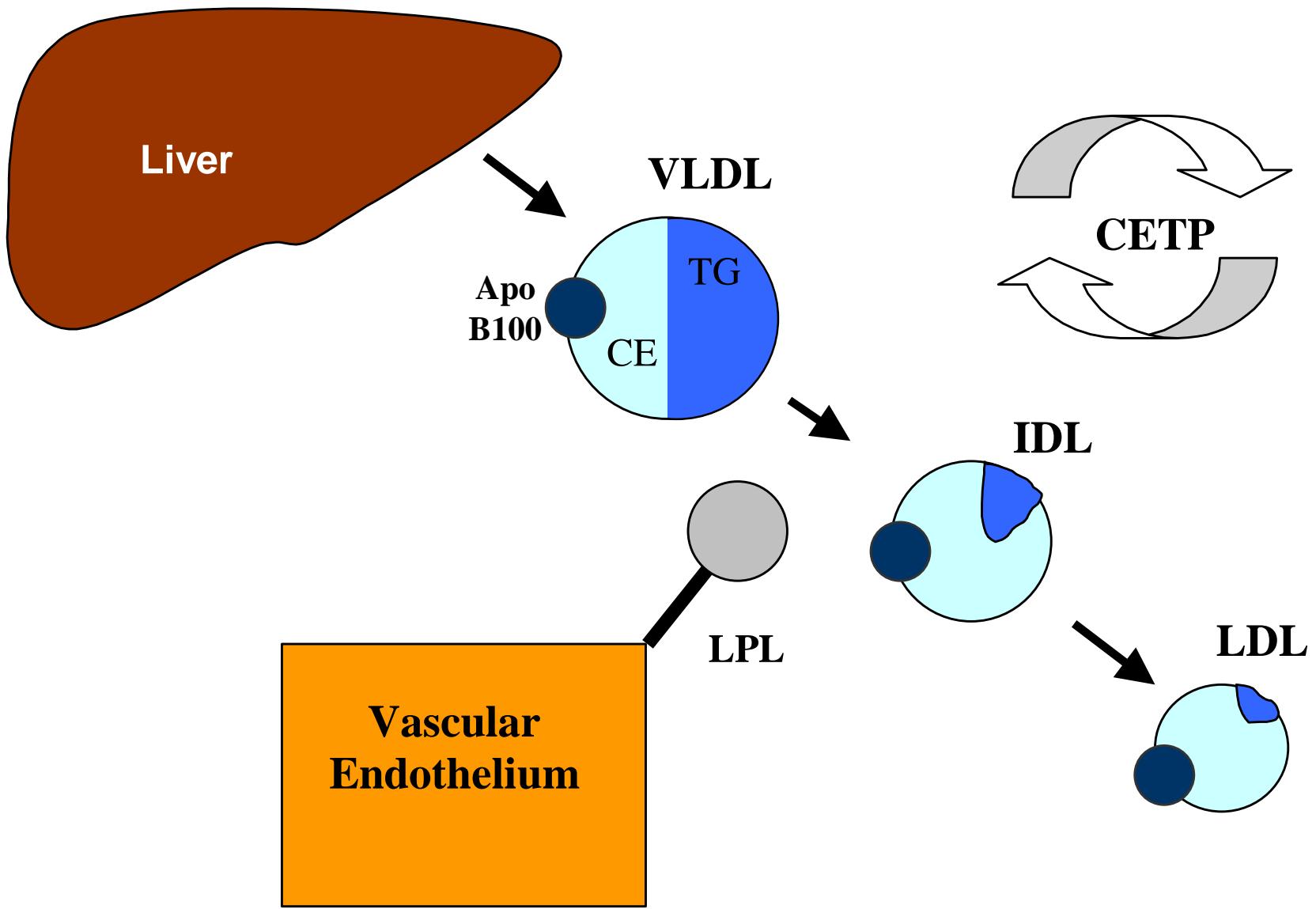


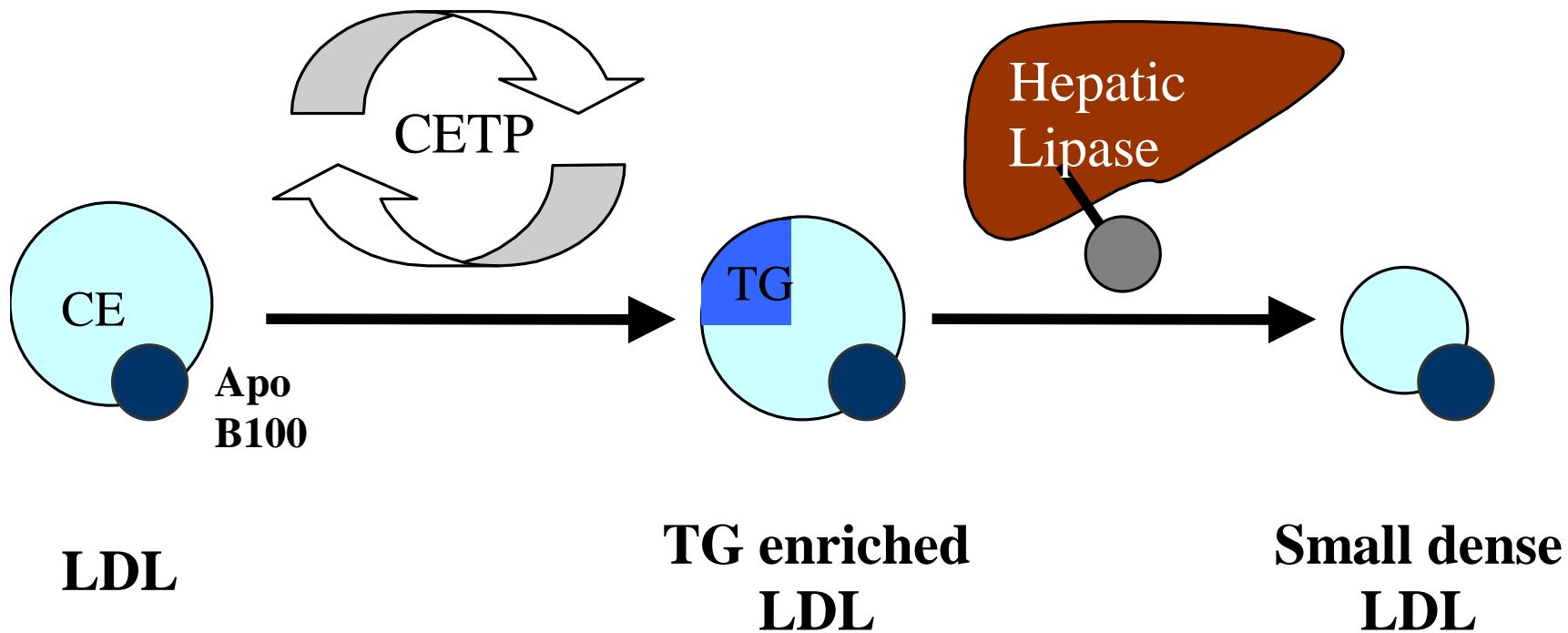
HDL











Lipid abnormalities in Type 2 diabetes

- High triglyceride concentrations, particularly post-prandially (postprandial lipaemia)

↑ TG

- Low HDL cholesterol concentrations

↓ HDL chol

- Normal total and LDL cholesterol concentrations, but small dense LDL particles

→ Total + LDL chol

Reduced insulin action

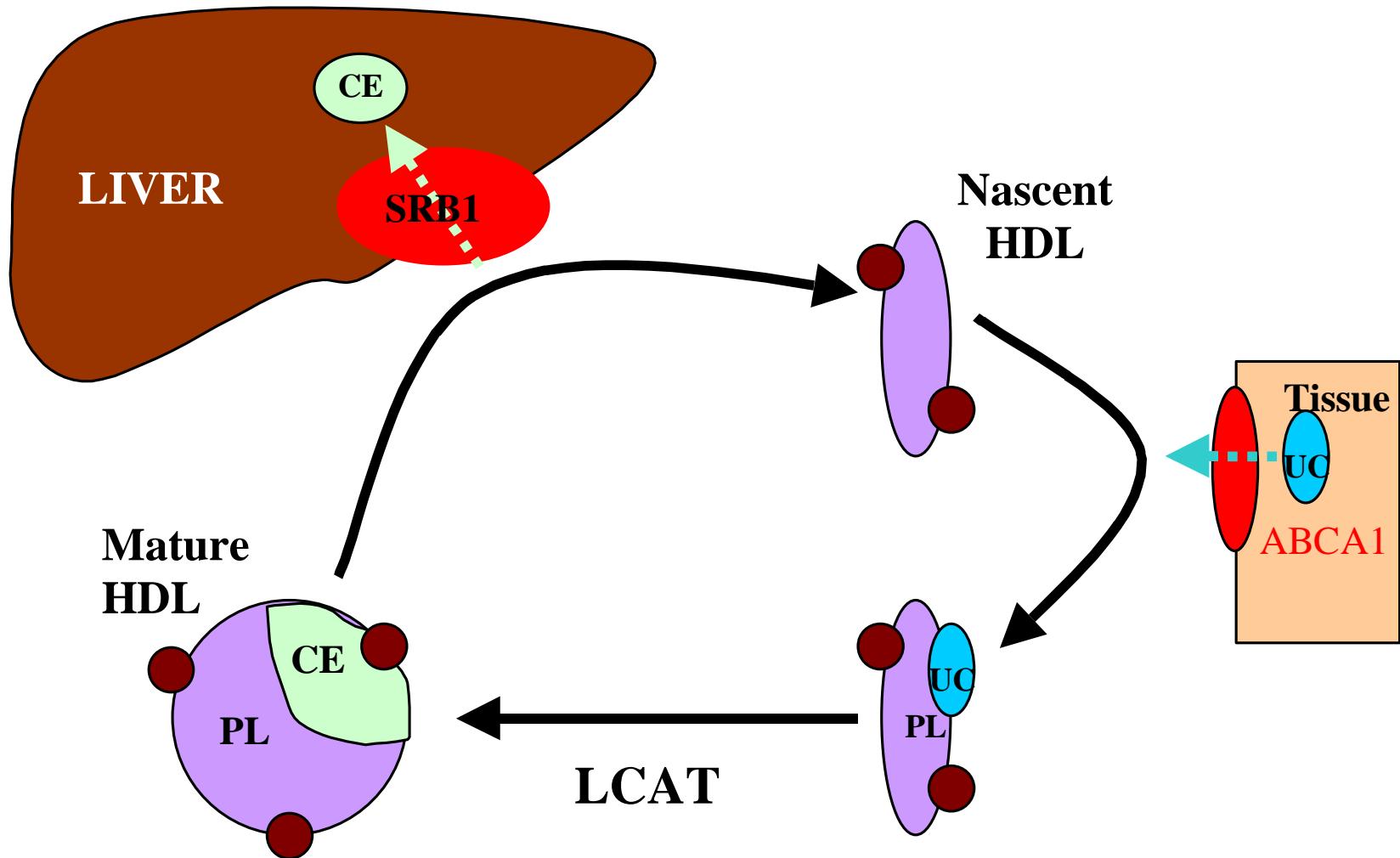
Insulin and lipid metabolism

- Hormone sensitive lipase - *inhibitory*
- Hepatic VLDL production - *inhibitory*
- Lipoprotein lipase - *stimulatory*

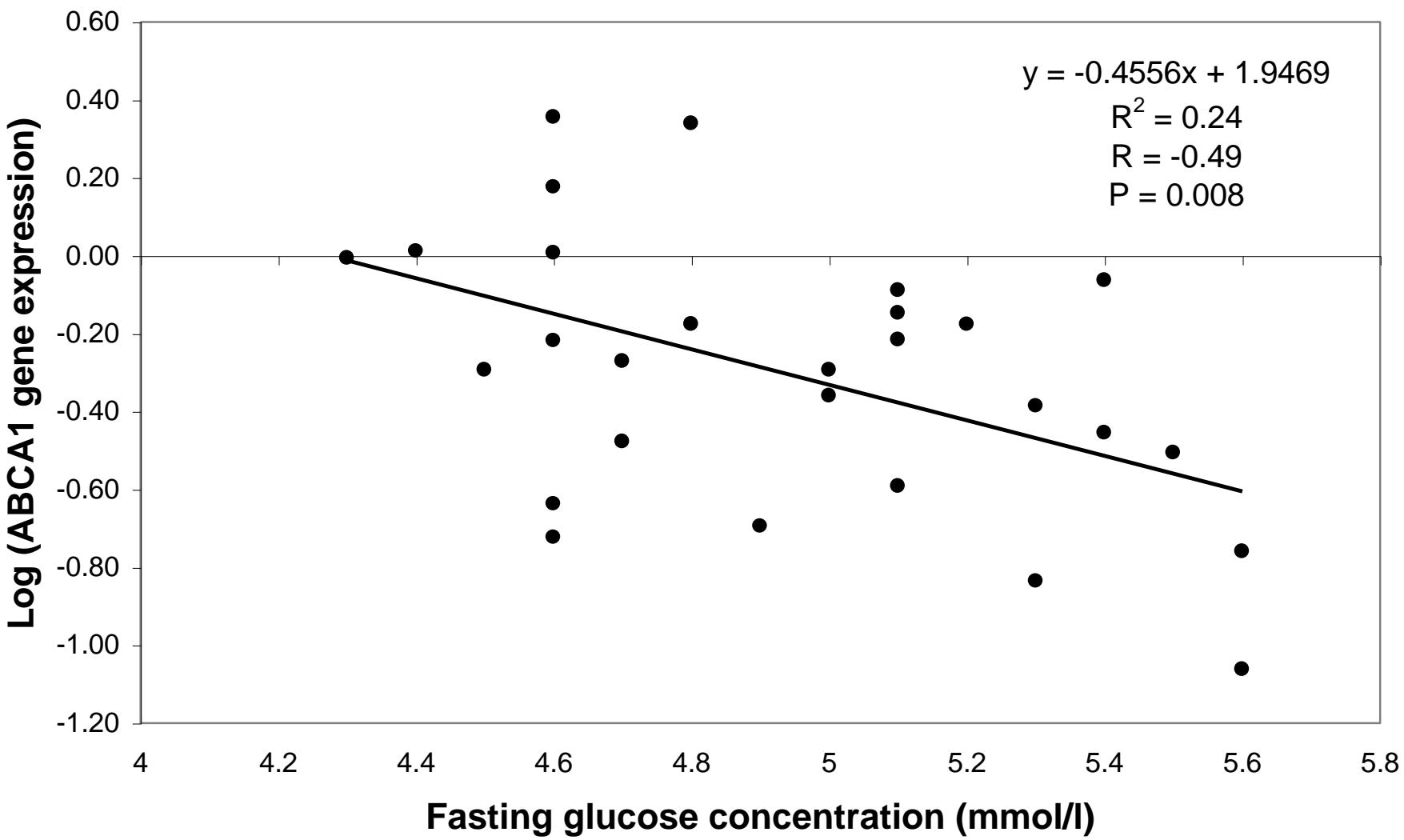
Insulin resistance results in hypertriglyceridaemia

- CETP - *stimulatory*
- Hepatic lipase - *stimulatory*

Lipid abnormalities possibly not associated with reduced insulin action

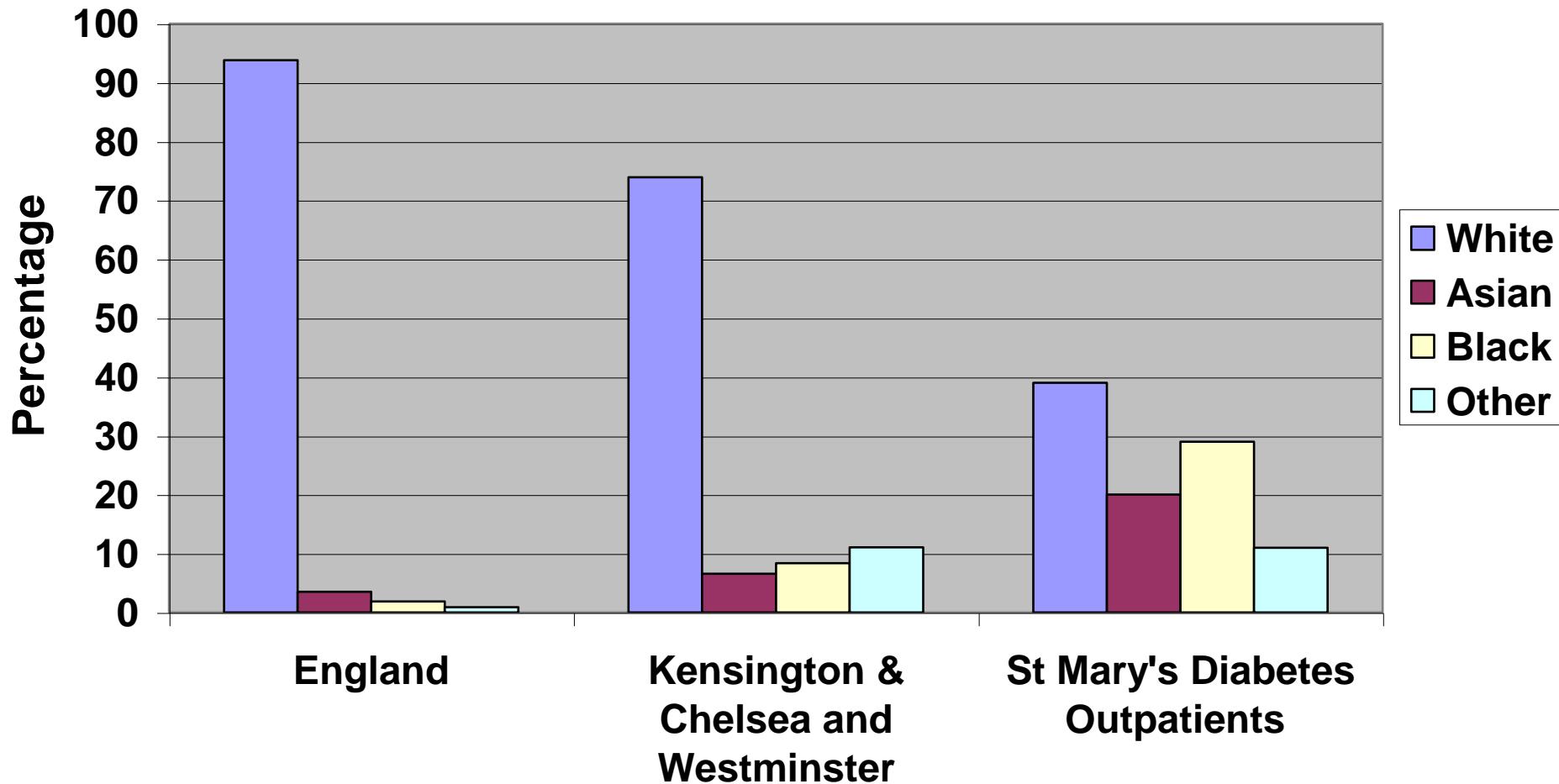


Parameter	Mean (or Median)	Standard deviation (or Interquartile range)	Range
Age (years)	30	27 – 34	23 - 46
Body mass index (kg/m²)	25.6	3.1	20.3 – 33.3
Systolic blood pressure (mm Hg)	121	10	90 - 143
Diastolic blood pressure (mm Hg)	82	8	60 - 97
Fasting glucose (mmol/l)	4.9	0.4	4.2 - 5.6
HbA1c (%)	4.8	0.4	4.1 - 5.7
Creatinine (umol/l)	105	8	93 - 128
Total cholesterol (mmol/l)	4.94	0.94	2.86 - 7.54
Triglyceride (mmol/l)	0.89	0.69 – 1.53	0.41 - 4.27
HDL cholesterol (mmol/l)	1.32	0.29	0.88 – 2.02
Apolipoprotein B100 (mg/dl)	99	28	47 – 176
Apolipoprotein A1 (mg/dl)	129	15	104 - 156

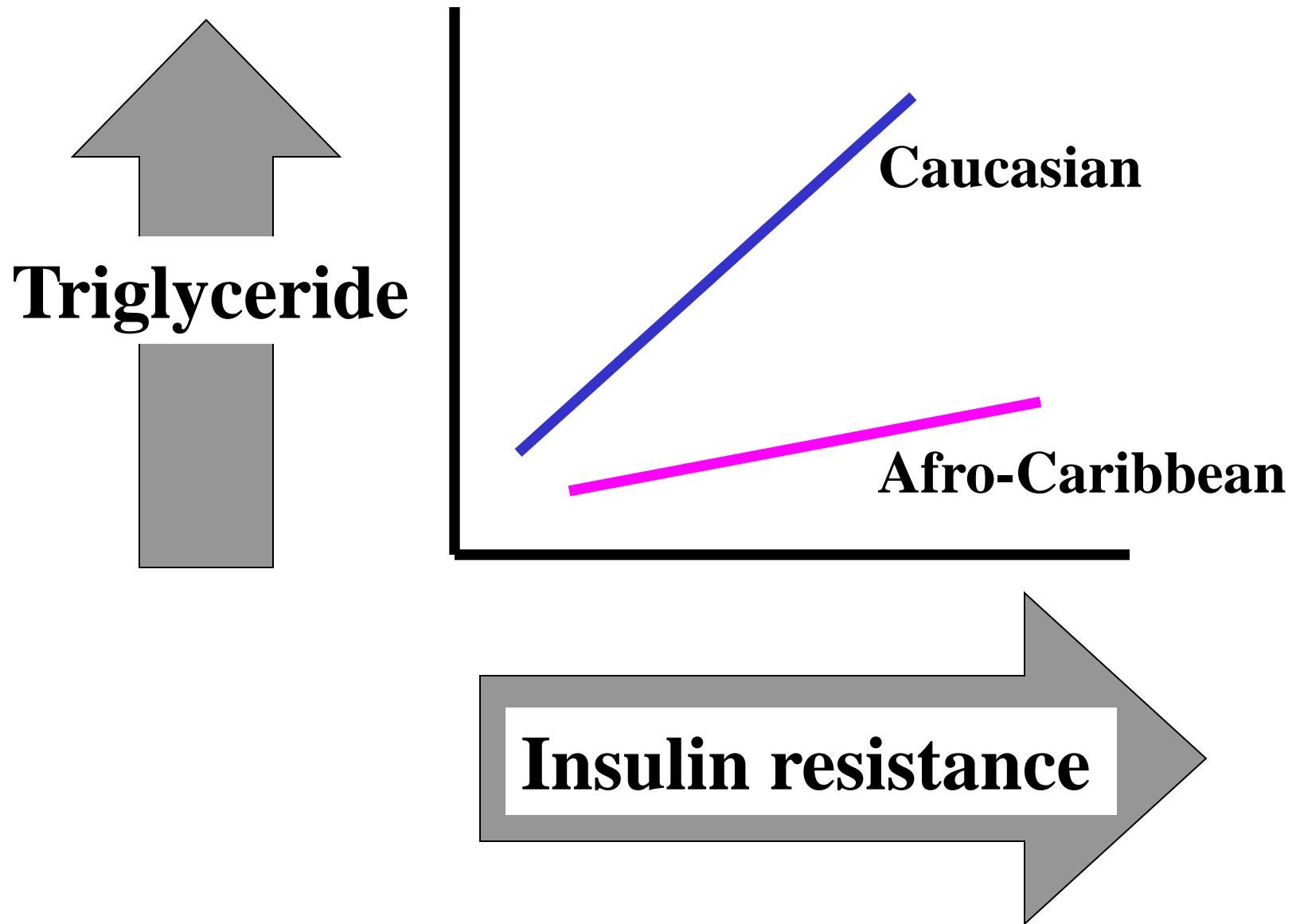


Effects of ethnicity

Population Ethnicity



	Afro-Caribbean subjects	Caucasian subjects	P-value
Number	23	47	
Age (yrs)	62 (56-65)	63 (57-66)	NS
Body-mass index (kg/m ²)	28.9 (27.0-32.3)	29.1 (27.9-30.9)	NS
HbA1c (%)	8.1 (6.7-8.9)	7.2 (6.3-8.0)	0.10
Fasting glucose (mmol/l)	11.4 (8.4-15.2)	10.6 (8.4-12.6)	NS
Specific insulin conc. (pmol/l)	42 (20-92)	22 (6-35)	< 0.01
Total cholesterol (mmol/l)	4.80 (4.03-5.32)	5.17 (4.70-5.89)	0.057
Triglyceride (mmol/l)	1.03 (0.77-1.49)	1.77 (1.37-2.71)	< 0.001
HDL cholesterol (mmol/l)	1.11 (0.98-1.64)	1.09 (0.94-1.25)	NS



Summary

- Overview of lipid metabolism
- Diabetic dyslipidaemia and insulin action
- Aspects of diabetic dyslipidaemia independent of insulin action

Acknowledgements

Christiane Albrecht

Chris Higgins

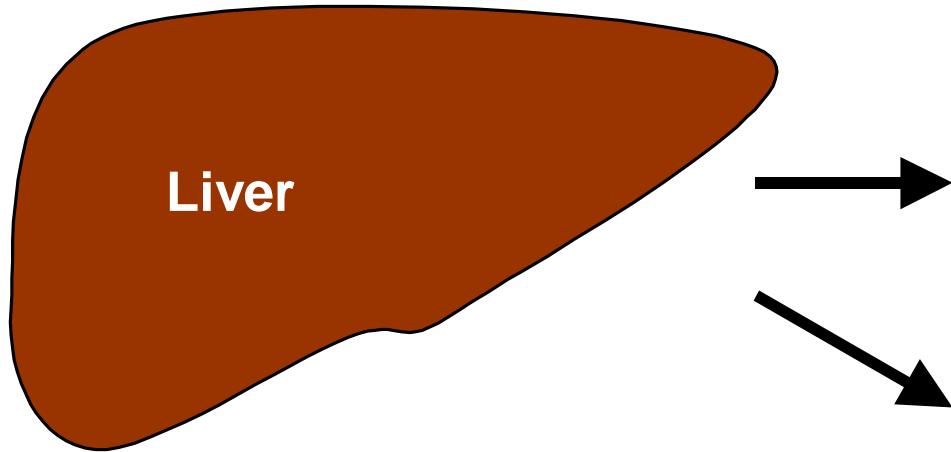
Ian Godsland

Nish Chatervedi

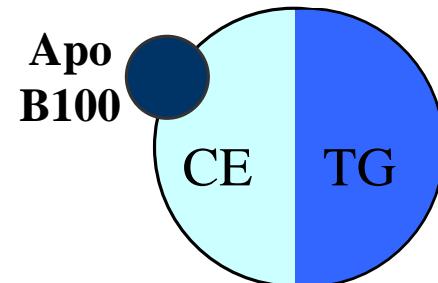
Des Johnston

Bill Richmond

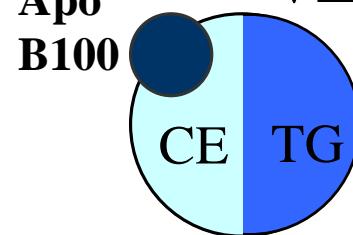
Robert Elkeles



VLDL Sf 400-60



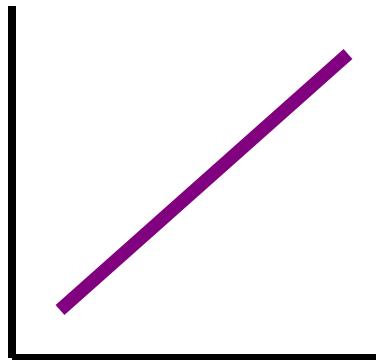
VLDL Sf 60-20





CETP
activity

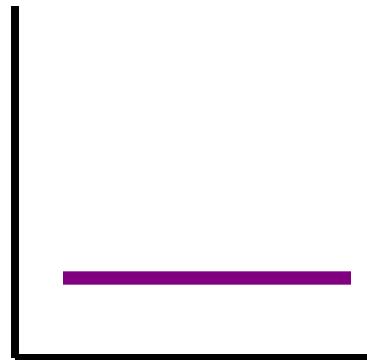
Triglyceride
 $< 2 \text{ mmol/l}$



Triglyceride

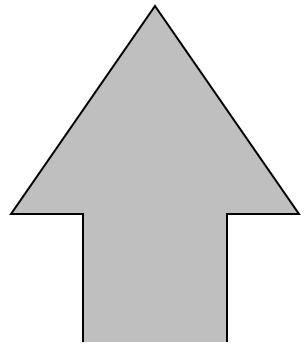
CETP mass

Triglyceride
 $> 2 \text{ mmol/l}$



Triglyceride

CETP mass



CETP
activity

